

-OF-

JACKSON COUNTY.

BY FRANK BUSH.

FIRST EDITION.

INDEPENDENCE, MISSOURI: SENTINEL BOOK AND JOB PRINT. December, 1882.

QK 170 .888 Copy 2

REPORT ON THE FLORA OF JACKSON COUNTY.

INTRODUCTION.

No account of the Flora of Jackson County ever having been given, I was solicited by my friends to publish a list of the plants I had found growing without cultivation in the county.

It was not my intention, at first, to commence so laborious a work as the determination of all our native plants, but a simple check list for the benefit of my exchanges; and indeed I do not claim much more for the work, as I am sure that there are many more plants yet undiscovered, which will necessitate the publication of other editions, as more matter accumulates.

My intention was, upon deciding to publish the Flora, to include nothing but such as had been collected or examined by myself, and I have adhered to it throughout.

Since the year '53, when Mr. F. Creuizfeldt made a collection in the vicinity of Westport, no one has ever, to the best of our knowledge, collected any plants in the county; therefore I am compelled to rely almost wholly upon my own investigations for so thorough a work as the enumeration of all the indigenous and naturalized plants of the county.

Bounded on the north by that great affluent of the Mississippi, it extends southward twenty-three miles, with a breadth of twenty-seven miles, making an area of six hundred and twelve square miles in the county. On the north we have the low alluvial bottoms along the Missouri, where the Polygonums thrive. On the east a low flat prairie, generally covered with water, where Water-Lilies have their habitat. On the south a high undulating prairie, dotted with oak mottes, abounding with Asters, Solidagoes and other prairie plants. On the west a ridge of high, broken hills, the remains of the glacial period, upon which are found those species of plants that inhabit dry sterile soil.

It is intersected by numerous small streams, and the two Blues. One, the larger, flows northeast through the whole length of the county, and empties into the Missouri between Independence and Kansas City; the smaller rises in the southern part of the county and flows north into the same river.

The county is also intersected by three railways, one of which extends from the Western to the Eastern confines of the county; another extends to St. Louis, while the third reaches the shores of the great lakes. Half a score of other roads concentrate in Kansas City from all parts of the country—from the waters of the Pacific to the shores of the Atlantic.

We should therefore expect that the Flora would be greatly enlarged by seeds being deposited on the banks of the Missouri River, and sown along the lines of those great transfers, the railroads. In this, however, we are disappointed, for very few plants have been introduced by the means above mentioned.

During my three years collecting, I have detected 597 flowering plants, and twelve ferns and their allies, of which 522 are known to be indigenous, and are without indication in the Flora or with the term (Eu.) occasionally following, denoting that they are also indigenous to Europe. The remaining eighty-seven are either naturalized, and are indicated thus: (Nat. from Eu.), which denotes that they came from Europe, but are now propagating themselves freely without cultivation, and are fully established,—or are adventive, when they are so marked: (Adv. from Eu.), to indicate that they are not propagating themselves with such freedom as to be considered as fully established.

As will be seen, our Flora is devoid of Club-mosses, Pines, Spruces and Heaths, contains but few Lilies, Orchids, Polemoniums and Ferns, while it is very rich in Composites, Labiates, Figworts and Solanums. The absence of the Pine family is to be deplored, as there are but few trees that compare with the Firs and Pines in symmetry and freshness. The others being less ornamental, and of course less conspicuous, are not so much missed.

Half a century ago Jackson county was almost uninhabited, save by fierce and warlike tribes of Indians. Then there were no naturalized plants, no "weeds," and the indigenous plants grew and thrived without molestation.

But as the tide of immigration set in from the East, one by one the native plants disappeared, the rarer ones first, and as the county became more settled, and the cultivation of fields commenced, they rapidly vanished, to be followed up by a multitude of weeds.

As the county becomes more settled and the area of cultivated fields increase, the number of indigenous plants will become less, and, correspondingly, the number of naturalized plants will become greater. So that after a time, the number of years a county has been settled may be indicated by the number of weeds it contains; every few years witnessing the extinction of one of our native, and the appearance of some naturalized plants.

In arranging the material for this Flora, I have followed the arrangement of Gray's Manual, adopting the nomenclature contained therein, with a few exceptions, and then only where recent changes have been made, and which want of space forbids me mention.

I shall be pleased to note any correction, alteration or addition, that those who use this little work may make, either in regard to the name, number or locality of any plant it contains, or the discovery of any new species; all such should be communicated to me as soon as possible, in view of another edition the coming year.

In the determination of many of our plants, I have been materially assisted by Prof. F. L. Harvey, of Fayetteville, Arkansas, and Dr. George Engelmann, of St. Louis, Mo., to whom, I am under special obligations.

To those friends who have generously supported me in my botanical pursuits, I return my hearty thanks.

Hoping that my feeble efforts, in this new field for me, will have some little appreciation, I beg to remain,

Yours very truly, FRANK BUSH.

ERRATA.

Page 9, No. 161, for "Lutetiana," read Lutetiana.

" 9, " '165. for "steams" read streams.

" 9, " 167, for "Ammonia" read Ammania.

" 11, " 180, for "Raff." read Raf.

" 10, " 195 should read 185.

" 10, " 191, for "cireæzans" read circæzans.

"10, "193, for "Gaern" read Gærtn.

" 10, " 201, for "eupatoroides" read eupatorioides.

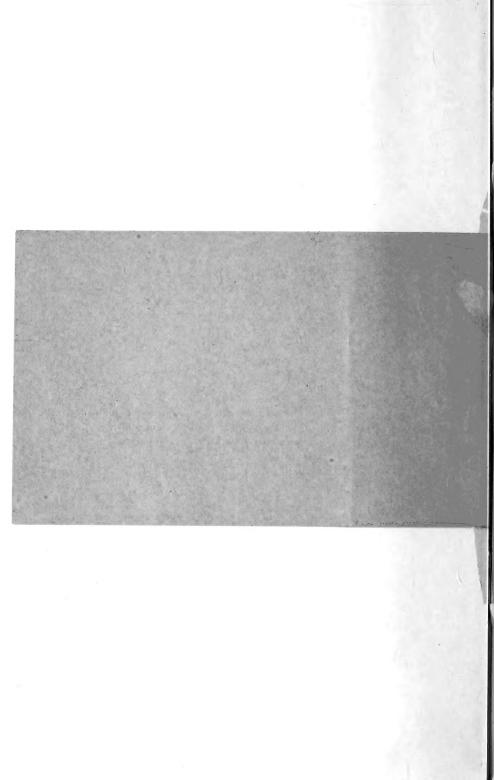
"11, "222, for "dracucunculoides" read dracunculoides.

"11, "252, for 'trachelifolius' read trachelifolius.

"12, "283, for "Dens-conis" read Dens-leonis.

"12, "292, for 'leptostachya' read leptostachys.

"17, "469, for "Jualans" read Juglans.



CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

SERIES I.

PHŒNOGAMOUS OR FLOWERING PLANTS.

CLASS I.-DICOTYLEDONOUS OR EXOGENOUS PLANTS.

RANUNCULACEÆ.

(Crowfoot Family.)

CLEMATIS, L. Virgin's Bower.
1 Pitcheri, Torr. and Gray. Rocky hills; not very common.

ANEMONE, L. Wind Flower.

2 Virginiana, L. Woodlands.3 Pennsylvanica, L. Dry sandy soil; very common.

THALICTRUM, Tourn. Meadow Rue. 4 Cornuti, L. Borders of woods; not common.

RANUNCULUS, L. Buttercup. Crowfoot. 5 multitidus, Pursh. Standing water; frequent.

6 abortivus, L. Very common in meadows.

7 Var. micranthus, Gray. More common than the last.

8 Pennsylvanicus, L. Very wet places; not common.

9 fascicularis, Muhl. Along the Blue rivers.

10 repens, L. Hillsides bordering on streams. (Eu.)
MYOSURUS, Dill. Mouse Tail.
11 minimus, L. Rivulets and moist

banks. (Eu.)

ISOPYRUM, L.

12 biternatum, Torr. and Gray. Open glades everywhere.

AQUILEGIA, Tourn. Wild Columbine. 13 Canadensis, L. Moist rocks; very common.

DELPHINIUM, Tourn. Larkspur.

14 tricorne, Michx. Dry ground SANGUINARIA, Dill. Blood Root. and hills.

15 azureum, Michx. Our plant has white flowers.

16 Ajacis, L. Spontaneous along raliroads. (Adv. from Eu.) NIGELLA, L. Fennel Flower.

17 Damascena, L. Becoming spon-

taneous in meadows. (Adv. from Eu.)

ANONACEÆ.

(Custard-Apple Family.)

ASIMINA, Adans. Papaw. 18 triloba, Dunal. Common shrub, with its well-known fruit.

MENISPERMACEÆ.

(Moonseed Family.)

MENISPERMUM, L. Moonseed. 19 Canadense, L. Yellow Parilla. Very frequent.

BERBERIDACEÆ.

(Barberry Family.)

PODOPHYLLUM, L. Mandrake. 20 peltatum, L. May Apple. Woods; common.

NYMPHÆACEÆ.

(Water Lily Family.)

NELUMBIUM, Juss. Sacred Bean, 21 luteum, Willd. Water Chinquepin. Water near Buckner.

PAPAVERACEÆ.

(Poppy Family.)

ARGEMONE, L. Prickly Poppy.
22 Mexicana, L. Mexican Poppy. Waste places, near dwellings. (Adv. from trop. Amer.)

23 Var. albiflora, DC. Fields and roadsides; common. from trop. Amer.)

24 Canadensis, L. High bluffs along the Missouri river.

FUMARIACEÆ.

(Fumitory Family.)

DICENTRA, Bork. 25 Cucullaria, DC. Dutchman's 95 dasycarpum, Ehrhart. Silver Maple. Streams; cultivated as a shade tree.

NEGUNDO, Moench. Box Elder.

96 aceroides, Mænch. Rich soil along streams; also cultivated.

POLYGALACEAE. (Milkwort Family.)

POLYGALA, Tourn. Milkwort.

97 ambigua, Nutt. rocky ground; uncommon.

LEGUMINOSAE. (Pulse Family.)

CROTALARIA, L. Rattle Box.

98 sagittalis, L. Dry sandy soil; on prairies.

TRIFOLIUM, L. Clover.

99 pratense, L. Red Clover. Escaped from cultivation. (Adv. from Eu.)

100 stoloniferum, Muhl. Running Buffalo Clover; very common.

Melilotus, Tourn. Sweet Clover. 101 alba, Lam. Melilot. Streets of Independence and Kansas City. (Adv. from Eu.)

MEDICAGO, L. Medick. 102 sativa, L. Lucerr Lucerne. Spontaneous about gardens. (Adv. from Eu.)

PETALOSTEMON, Michx. Prairie Clover. 103 violaceus, Michx. Dry prairies everywhere.

104 candidus, Mx. Habitat as above. AMORPHA, L. False Indigo.

105 fruticosa, L. Rocky shores of streams; very common.

106 canescens, Nutt. Lead Plant. Moist rocky clefts. Not as common as the other.

ROBINIA, L. Locust-tree.

107 Pseudacacia, L. Rich soil; evidently naturalized.

ASTRAGALUS, L. Milk Vetch.

108 Canadensis, L., Rocky banks PRUNUS, Tourn. Plum. along rivers.

DESMODIUM, DC. Tick Trefoil.

109 acuminatum, DC. Common in rich woods.

110 canescens, DC. A pestiferous weed in damp soil.

111 Dillenii, Darlingt. Very common

112 paniculatum, DC. Wood open-

113 sessilifolium, Torr. and Gray. Dry sandy prairies.

114 Marilandicum, Boott. Hills on the Blue.

LESPEDEZA, Mich. Bush Clover.

115 violacea, Pers. Sandy hills; frequent.

116 Var. divergens, Gray. Rather common.

117 Var. angustifolia, Gray. Rare.

118 capitata, Michx. Dry prairies. VICIA, Tourn. Vetch Tare.

119 Americana, Muhl. Moist rocky hills.

APIOS, Berhaave. Wild Bean.

120 tuberosa, Mœnch. Seldom flowering here.

PHASEOLUS, L, Kidney Bean.

121 diversifolius, Pers. Our plant seems to be perennial.

AMPHICARPÆA, Ell. Hog Pea-nut. 122 monica, Nutt. Wooded hills;

frequent.

Baptisia, Vent. False Indigo.

123 leucantha, Torr. and Gray. Low moist prairies.

CERCIS, L. Judas-tree.

124 Canadensis, L. Red-bud. Rich soil; often cultivated.

CASSIA, L. Senna.

125 Marilandica, L. Dry rocky ground; not common.

126 Chamæcrista, L. Sandy bottoms along rivers.

GYMNOCLADUS, Lam. Coffee-bean.

127 Canadensis, Lam. Woods. A fine tree.

GLEDITSCHIA, L. Honey Locust.

128 triacanthos, L. A fine large tree with or without thorns.

DESMANTHUS, Willd.

129 brachylobus, Benth. Banks of streams; rather scarce.

SCHRANKIA, Willd. Sensitive Plant. 130 uncinata, Willd. Dry sandy hills and prairies.

ROSACEAE.

(Rose Family.)

Wild red 131 Americana, Marshall. plum. Very common.

Wild red 132 Pennsylvanica, L. cherry. A well known tree.

SPIRÆA. L. Meadow-sweet.

133 opulifolia, L. Nine bark. Banks of the Missouri.

AGRIMONIA, Tourn. Agrimony.

134 Eupatoria, L. Woodlands; common. [Eu.]

135 parvillora, Ait. Prairies and glades.

GEUM, L. Avens.

136 album, Gmelin. Damp rocks and soil; common

137 Virginianum, L. Wood openings; frequent.

POTENTILLA, L. Cinque Foil.

138 Norvegica, L. A weed in fields and yards. [Eu.]

139 paradoxa, Nutt. Banks of the Missouri.

140 Canadensis. L. Five Finger. Dry fields; very common.

FRAGARIA, Tourn. Strawberry.

141 Virginiana. Ehrhart., var. Illinoensis, Gray. Fields; very common.

RUBUS. Bramble.

142 occidentalis, L. Raspberry. Common in rich soil.

143 villosus, L. Blackberry. Found everywhere.

144 Canadensis, L. Dewberry. Sterile hills.

Rosa, Tourn. Rose.

145 setigera, Mx. Thickets; common. 146 Carolina, L. Very common in

low grounds. 147 lucida, Ehrhart. Dry, rocky hillsides.

CRATÆGUS, L. Hawthorn.

148 tomentosa, L. Very common, and runs into

149 Var. pyrifolia, Gray. The most common here.

150 Var. punctata, Gray. Not frequent.

151 subvillosa, Schrader. Resembles the last, but fruits much later.

152 Crus-galli, L. Streams, etc.; common.

PIRUS, L. Pear, Apple.

153 coronaria, L. Common Crab Apple; hills.

154 angustifolia, Ait. Frequent. AMELANCHIER, Medic. June Berry. 155 alnifolia. Nutt. Not common.

156 Canadensis, Torr. and Gray. On bluffs of the Missouri.

SAXIFRAGACEÆ.

(Saxifrage Family.)

RIBES, L. Gooseberry. 157 rotundifolium, Mx. Very common, throughout.

CRASSULACEÆ.

(Orpine Family.)

PENTHORUM, Gronov. Ditch Stone-

158 sedoides, L. Springs and moist Sanicula, Tourn. Black Snakeroot.

ground.

SEDUM, Tourn. Stone Crop.

159 pulchetlum, Mx. Rocky ledges; common.

HALORAGEAE.

(Water Milfoil Family.)

MYRIOPHYLLUM, Vaill. Water Milfoil. 160 seabratum, Mx. Shallow lakes and ponds.

ORAGRACEAE.

(Evening Primrose Family.)

CIRCÆA, Tourn. Enchanter's Nightshade. 161 Lutctiana, L. Moist wooded hills. (Eu.)

GAURA, L.

162 biennis, L. Dry, sandy soil; not common.

ENOTHERA, L. Evening Primrose. 163 biennis L. Old fields; very common.

164 fruticosa, L. Rich soil; frequent. LUDWIGIA, L. False Loosestrife.

165 alternifolia, L. Not uncommon along steams.

166 palustris, Ell. Ditches and ponds. (Eu.)

LYTHRACEAE.

(Loosestrife Family.)

AMMONIA, Houston.

167 latifolia, L. Muddy places; rather common.

LYTHRUM, L. Loosestrife.

168 alatum, Pursh. Wet prairies; common.

CUPHEA, Jacq.

169 viscosissima, Jacq. Rocky hills; very common.

CACTACEAE.

(Cactus Family.)

OPUNTIA, Tourn. Prickly Pear. 170 vulgaris, Mill. Common on rocks.

CUCURBITACEAE.

(Gourd Family,)

Sicyos, L. One Seeded Star Cucumber. 171 angulatus, L. Along streams; cultivated.

ECHINOCYSTIS, Torr. and Gray. Wild Balsam Apple.

172 lobata, Torr. and Gray. River banks; cultivated for arbors.

UMBELLIFERAE.

(Parsley Family.)

173 Canadensis, L. Low ground; very common.

ERYNGIUM, Tourn. Ervngo.

174 yuccaefolium, Michx. Prairies; very common.

DAUCUS, Tourn. Carrot.

175 Carota, L. Persistent in old fields. (Adv. from Eu.)

Pastinaca, Tourn. Parsnip.

176 sativa, L. Spontaneous in old fields. (Adv. from Eu.)

CICUTA, L. Water Hemlock.

177 maculata, L. Low ground; common.

CRYPTOTÆNIA, DC. Honewort.

178 Canadensis, DC. Frequent in moist places.

CHEROPHYLLUM, L. Chervil.

179 procumbens, Lam. Moist woods; not common.

OSMORRHIZA, Raff. Sweet Cicely. 180 longistylis, DC. Deep woods; frequent.

CORNACEÆ.

(Dogwood Family.)

Cornus, Tourn. Dogwood. 181 paniculata, L'Her. Banks of streams.

CAPRIFOLIACEÆ.

(Honevsuckle Family.)

SYMPHORICARPUS, Dill. Snowberry. vulgaris, Mx. Coral Berry. Rocky hills.

LONICERA, L. Honeysuckle.

183 parviflora, Lam. High rocky bluffs along the Missouri.

TRIOSTEUM. Horse Gentian.

184 perfoliatum, L. Common on rocky hills.

Sambucus, Tourn. Elder.

195 Canadensis, L. Fence rows; very common.

VIBURNUM, L. Black Haw.

186 Lentago, L. Sheep Berry. Rocks and banks of streams.

RUBIACEÆ.

(Madder Family.)

GALIUM, L. Bedstraw.

187 Aparine, L. Moist Cleavers. ground; very frequent. (Eu.)

188 concinnum, Torr. and Gr. Copses; not rare.

189 tritidum, L. Plentiful on wet prairies. (Eu.)

190 trifforum, Mx. Wooded hills; common.

191 cireæzans, Mx. Moist ground everywhere.

CEPHALANTHUS, L. Button Bush.

192 occidentalis, L. Banks of Blue and other streams.

VALERIANACEÆ.

(Valerian Family.)

Fedia, Gærn. Lamb Lettuce. 193 radiata, Mx. Wet prairies; not common.

COMPOSITÆ.

(Composite Family.)

VERNONIA, Schreb. Iron Weed.

194 Noveboracensis, Willd. Roadsides; very common.

195 fasciculata, Mx. River bottoms.

ELEPHANTOPUS, L. Elephant's foot. 196 Carolinianus, Willd. Dry hills; rare.

LIATRIS, Schreb. Blazing Star.

197 squarrosa, Willd. Very plenty on dry prairies.

198 punctata, Hook. Common on dry sandy prairies.

199 scariosa, Willd. Dry prairies; common.

200 pycnostachya, Michx. With the preceding.

KUHNIA, L.

201 eupatoroides, L. Dry sterile soil; very common.

EUPATORIUM, Tourn. Thoroughwort. 202 purpureum, L. Low grounds along streams.

203 altissimum, L. Very common on dry hills.

204 perfoliatum, L. Boneset. A well-known herb.

205 ageratoides, L. Rich soil along streams.

206 aromaticum, L. Low ground; not common.

ASTER, L. Starwort.

207 lævis, L. Banks and copses.

208 Var. laevigatus, Gray. Dry sterile hillsides.

209 Var. eyaneus, Gray. Borders of woods.

210 azureus, Lindl. Prairies and copses; common.

211 Drummondii, Lindl. Wooded hills; very abundant.

212 ericoides, L, Borders of fields and woods.

213 multifloris, Ait. Dry ground: common.

214 paniculatus, Lam. Fields and

copses; common everywhere.

215 tenuifolius, L. Low bottoms along streams.

216 oblongifolius, Nutt. Dry, rocky cliffs along the Blues.

217 Novae-Angliae, L. Prairies and bottoms; frequent.

ERIGERON, L. Fleabane.

218 Canadense, L. Horse Weed. Too common in fields. (Nat. in Eu.)

219 Philadelphicum, L. Meadows and woodlands.

220 annuum, Pers. A common weed in fields. (Nat. in Eu.)

221 strigosum, Muhl. With the last. AMPHIACHYSIS.

222 dracucunculoides, DC. Verv common on prairies about Lee's Summit.

BOLTONIA, L'Her.

223 glastifolia, L'Her. Inundated bottoms of rivers.

Solidago, L. Golden-rod. 224 rigida, L. Dry p Dry prairies; not uncommon.

225 ulmifolia, Muhl. Rocky hills: common.

226 Missouriensis, Nutt. With the preceding; not frequent.

227 rupestris, Raf. Poor soil along streams.

228 Canadensis, L. Very common everywhere.

129 serotina, Ait. Bottoms along the Missouri.

230 gigantea, Ait. A glabrate form of the above.

231 lanceolata, L. Prairies; very abundant.

INULA, L. Elecampane.

Rocky ground; 232 Helenium, L. escaped from cultivation.

SILPHIUM, L. Rosin Weed.

233 laciniatum, L. Compass Plant. Prairies; common.

234 integrifolium, Mx. Dry sterile hills.

235 perfoliatum, L. Cup Plant. Streams.

Ambrosia, Tourn. Rag Weed. 236 trifida, L. Very common along streams.

237 artemisaefolia, L. A common weed in fields.

238 psilostachya, DC. Dry barrens; not common.

XANTHIUM, Tourn. Cocklebur.

239 strumarium, L. A vile weed in Dysodia, Cav. Fetid Marigold. bottoms.

ECLIPTA, L.

240 procumbens, Mx. Moist ground: frequent.

Heliopsis, Pers. Oxeve.

241 laevis, Pers. Dry open ground; not rare.

ECHINACEA, Moench. Purple Coneflower.

242 angustifolia, DC. Common on dry prairies.

RUDBECKIA, L. Cone-flower.

243 laciniata, L. Moist soil along rivers.

244 subtomentosa, Pursh. Frequent on prairies.

245 triloba, L. Dry fields; very common.

246 speciosa, Wenderoth. Dry hills and prairies.

247 hirta, L. A common weed in clover fields.

LEPACHYS, Raf.

248 pinnata, Torr. and Gray. rocky hills; frequent.

HELIANTHUS, L. Sunflower.

249 annuus, L. About dwellings; escaped from cultivation. (Adv. from trop. Amer.)

250 rigidus, Desf. Common in dry open places.

251 grosse-serratus, Martens. Fence rows and along railroads.

252 trachelifolius, Willd. Dry sterile hills; common.

253 tuberosus, L. Artichoke. Fields and copses. (Adv from Eu.)

ACTINOMERIS, Nutt. 254 squarrosa, Nutt. Rich soil along

streams. Coreopsis, L. Tickseed.

255 tinctoria, Nutt. Spontaneous along railroads. (Adv. from Eu.)

256 tripteris, L. Dry rocky hills; not frequent.

257 aristosa, Mx., var. mutica, Gray. Very low ground.

BIDENS, L. Bur-Marigold.

258 frondosa, L. Moist ground along streams.

259 connata, Muhl. With the preceding.

260 cernua, L. Beds of rivulets (Eu.) 261 chrysanthemoides, Michx. Low river bottoms.

262 bipinnata, L. Spanish Needles. Wooded hills.

263 chrysanthemoides, Lag. A com-

mon roadside weed.

HELENIUM. L. Sneeze Weed.

264 autumnale, L. Alluvial soil along streams.

Maruta, Cass. May Weed.

265 Cotula, DC. Dog Fennel. A wellknown weed. (Nat. from Eu.)

ACHILLEA, L. Yarrow.

266 Millefolium, L. Milfoil. Clover fields; common. (Eu.)

LEUCANTHEMUM, Tourn. Oxeye Daisy. 267 vulgare, Lam. White Weed. Not very common. (Nat. from Eu.)

TANACETUM, L. Tansy.
268 vulgare, L. About dwellings and along roadsides. (Adv. from Eu.)

ARTEMISIA, L. Wormwood.

269 Ludoviciana, Nutt. Dry sandy banks; frequent.

270 biennis, Willd. Roadsides and fields.

GRAPHALIUM, L. Cudweed.

271 polycephalum, Mx. Dry sterile tields; not common.

272 uliginosum, L. Pastures and roadsides; frequent. (Eu.)

Antennaria, Gaertn. Everlasting. 273 plantaginifolia, Hook. Meadows and knolls.

ERECHTHITES, Raf. Fireweed.

274 hieracifolia, Raf. Rich open woods; common.

Indian Plantain. CACALIA.

275 atriplicifolia, L. Borders of deep woods.

276 tuberosa, Nutt. Common on wet prairies.

SENECIO, L. Groundsel.

277 lobatus, Pers. Butter-weed. Rich woods; uncommon.

278 aureus, L. Frequent in sphagnous swamps.

CIRSIUM, Tourn. Thistle.

279 lanceolatum, Scop. Fields and roads; very common. (Nat. from Eu.)

Wooded 280 altissimum, Spreng. hills; not common.

LAPPA, Tourn.

281 officinalis, Allioni. Moist places about springs. (Nat. from Eu.)

NABALUS, Cass. Rattlesnake Root. 282 aspera, Torr. and Gr. Dry barrens and along railroads.

TARAXACUM, Haller. Dandelion. A common 283 Dens-conis, Desf.

weed in pastures. (Eu.) LACTUCA, Tourn. Lettuce.

284 Canadensis, L. Fields; common.

285 Var. integrifolia, Torr. and Gr. Similar situation as above.

286 Var. sanguinea, Torr. and Gray. Dry sterile hills.

Mulgedium, Cass. Blue Lettuce.

287 acuminatum, DC. Fields and pastures.

288 Floridanum, DC. Wooded hillsides.

Sonchus, L. Sow Thistle.

289 oleraceus, L. A very common weed in gardens. (Nat. from

290 asper, Vill. Fields and along (Nat. from Eu.) railroads.

LOBELIACEÆ.

(Lobelia Family.)

LOBELIA, L. Lobelia.

291 syphilitica, L. Along streams. 292 leptostachya, A. DC. Damp rocky hills.

293 inflata, L. Indian Tobacco. Dry tields; common.

CAMPANULACEÆ.

(Campanula Family.)

CAMPANULA, Tourn. Bell Flower.

294 Americana, L. Thickets and along streams.

SPECULARIA, Heister. Venus' Looking Glass.

295 leptocarpa, Gray. Frequent on damp rocky hills.

Dry sterile 296 perfoliata, A. DC. hills; very common.

EBENACEÆ.

(Ebony Family.)

DIOSPYROS, L. Date Plum.

297 Virginiana, L. Persimmon. Poor hilly soil.

PLANTAGINACEÆ.

(Plantain Family.)

PLANTAGO, L. Plantain. About dwellings in 298 Major, L damp soil.

299 Virginica, L. Dry sterile fields; very common.

300 Var. longifolia, Gray. Rich soil along streams.

301 Patagonica, Jacq., Var. aristata, Gray. Barrens; not common.

PRIMULACEÆ.

(Primrose Family.)

ANDROSACE, Tourn.

Dry sandy 302 occidentalis, Pursh. hills; frequent.

Lysimachia, Tourn. Loosestrife.

303 ciliata, L. Copses and along fences: common.

304 nummularia, L. Moneywort. Near gardens. (Adv. from Eu.)

ANAGALLIS, Tourn. Pimpernel. Moist soil about 305 arvensis, L. dwellings. (Nat. from Eu.)

LENTIBULACEÆ.

(Bladderwort Family.)

UTRICULARIA, L. Bladderwort. 306 vulgaris, L. Sloughs and deep ponds; common.

BIGNONIACE Æ.

(Bignonia Family.)

CATALPA, Scop. Indian Bean. 307 bignonioides, Walt. Grows wild along roadsides, but was introduced.

MARTYNIA, L. Unicorn-plant. 308 proboscidea, Glox. Low ground along streams.

SCROPHULARIACEÆ.

(Figwort Family.)

VERBASCUM, L. Mullein.

309 Thapsus, L. A common weed in fields. (Nat. from Eu.)

310 Blattaria, L. Frequent along roadsides; (Nat. from Eu.), Tourn. Toad-flax.

LINARIA, Tourn.

311 vulgaris, Mill. Streets; escaped from gardens. (Nat. from Eu.) Scrophularia, Tourn. Figwort.

312 nodosa, L. Common along streams.

COLLINSIA, Nutt.

313 verna, Nutt. Moist rich ground; not very common.

PENTSTEMON, Mitchell. Beard Tongue. 314 pubescens, Solander. Dry ground; frequent.

315 laevigatus, Solander. Var. Digitalis, Grav. Very common on wet prairies.

MIMULUS, L. Monkey Flower.

316 ringens, L. Low bottoms; not very common.

317 alatus, Ait. Rivulets; not rare.

CONOBEA, Aublet.

318 multifida, Benth. Upper leaves usually ternate.

HERPESTIS, Gaertn.

319 rotundifolia, Pursh. Muddy places; very frequent.

Gratiola, L. Hedge Hyssop.

Very wet 320 sphaerocarpa, Ell. places; uncommon.

ILYSANTHES, Raf.

321 gratioloides, Benth. Banks of Blue Rivers.

VERONICA, L. Speedwell.

322 Virginiea, L. Rich woods; rather common.

323 peregrina, L. A weed in gardens. 324 arrensis, L. Rocky hills; plentiful. (Nat. from Eu.)

SEYMERIA. Pursh.

325 macrophylla, Nutt. Rocky streams; not common.

GERARDIA, L. Gerardia.

326 auriculata, Michx. Common on moist prairies.

327 Skinneriana, Wood. Fields and openings.

PEDICULARIS, Tourn. Lousewort. 328 Canadensis L. High hills along the Blue rivers.

ACANTHACEÆ.

(Acanthus Family.)

RUELLIA, L.

329 ciliosa, Pursh. Dry rocky soil; very common.

330 Var. longitiora, Gray. With the preceding; not rare.

${ m VERBENACE} {m {\mathcal E}}.$

(Vervain Family.)

VERBENA, L. Vervain.

331 angustifolia, Mx. Dry hills; very frequent.

332 hastata, L. Low meadows; not common.

333 urticifolia, L. A weed along waysides.

334 stricta, Vent. With the preceding 335 bracteosa, Mx. Yards and waste ground.

336 Aubletia, L. Rocks and hills; rather common.

LIPPIA, L.

337 lanceolata, Mx. Common about springs and rills.

PHRYMA, L. Lopseed.

Rich, moist 338 Leptostachya, L. woods; frequent.

LABIATÆ.

(Mint Family.)

TEUCRIUM, L. Germander.

339 Canadense, L. Wood Sage. Very common.

ISANTHUS, Mx. False Pennyroyal.

340 caeruleus, Mx. Fields and woods; common

MENTHA, L. Mint.

341 viridis, L. Springs and streams. (Nat. from Eu.)

Along brooks and 342 piperita, L. banks; uncommon. (Nat. from

Commoner in 343 Canadensis, L. springs than the

344 Var. glabrata, Benth. With the primary form.

Lycopus, L. Water Horehound.

345 Virginicus, L. In water; frequent 346 sinuatus, Ell. Very common.

PYCNANTHEMUM, Mx. Mountain Mint. 347 Torreyi, Benth. Woods and knolls

348 muticum, Pers. var., pilosum, Gray. Borders of woods.

349 linifolium, Pursh. Brackish soil; very common.

HEDEOMA, Pers. Mock Pennyroyal. 350 pulegioides, Pers. Hills and sterile ground.

351 hispida, Pursh. Barrens; very common.

Salvia, L. Sage.

352 azurea, Lam., var. grandiflora, Benth. Dry rocky soil.

353 lanceolata, Willd. Streets of towns; apparently introduced. Monarda, L. Horse Mint.

354 fistulosa, L. Rich woods; very variable.

355 Bradburiana, Beck.

Oak-openings; not common.

BLEPHILIA, Raf.

356 ciliata, Raf. Woods and open fields; rare.

357 hirsuta, Benth. Deep woods; not

LOPHANTHUS, Benth. Giant Hyssop. 358 nepetoides, Benth. Abundant on wooded banks.

359 serophulariæfolius, Benth. Copses and banks; not common.

Cat Mint. NEPETA.

Cat-nip. Common 360 Cataria, L. along fence rows. [Adv. from Eu.]

361 Glechoma, Benth. Ground Ivy. Rocky hillsides; common. (Adv. from Eu.)

Physostegia, Benth. False Dragonhead.

Virginiana, Benth. Low bottoms of the Missouri.

Brunella, Tourn. Self-heal. 363 vulgaris, L. Heal-all. Very IPOMŒA, L. Morning Glory.

plenty along streams.

Scutellaria, L. Skull-cap.

364 versicolor, Nutt. Wooded banks; not very abundant.

365 parvula, Mx. Dry sandy prairies. 366 lateriflora, L. Wet banks and streams; very common.

MARRUBIUM, L. Horehound. 367 vulgare, L. Roadsides and fields; common. (Nat. from Eu.)

STACHYS, L. Hedge Nettle.

368 aspera, Mx. Low ground; the common form.

369 Var. glabra, Gray. Wet banks and pools; uncommon.

LEONURUS, L. Motherwort.

370 Cardiaca, L. Streets and waste places. (Nat. from Eu.)

BORRAGINACEÆ. (Borage Family.)

Onosmodium, Mx. False Gromwell. 371 Carolinianum, DC. Dry rocky slopes.

LITHOSPERMUM, Tourn. Gromwell. Puccoon.

372 arvense, L. Frequent in wheat fields. (Nat. from Eu.)

373 hirtum, Lehm. Common on high clavev hills.

MERTENSIA, Roth. Smooth Lungwort. 374 Virginica, DC. Virginia Cowslip. Along streams.

ECHINOSPERMUM, Swartz. Stone Seed. 375 Virginicum, Lehm. Woods and copses; common.

CYNOGLOSSUM, Tourn. Hound's Tongue. 376 officinale, L. Meadows and fields; a vile weed. (Nat. from Eu.)

HYDROPHYLLACEÆ.

(Waterleaf Family.)

Hydrophyllum, L. Waterleaf. 377 Virginieum, L. Common in damp woods.

378 appendiculatum, Mx. With the preceding.

ELLISIA, L.

Abundant along 379 Nyctelea, L. streams.

POLEMONIACEÆ.

(Polemonium Family.)

Phlox, L. Phlox. 380 pilosa, L. Sweet William. Dry ground, common.

CONVOLVULACEÆ.

(Convolvulus Family.)

381 coccinea, L. Rich river bottoms; evidently indigenous.

382 purpurea, Lam. Very common in cultivated ground.

383 hederacea, Jacq. A weed in cultivated fields.

384 pandurata, Mever. Rich soil along streams.

Convolvulus, L. Bindweed. 385 sepium, L. Low ground; very common.

CUSCUTA, Tourn. Dodder.

386 glomerata, Choisy. Dry hills; on Helianthus tracheliifclius.

SOLANACEÆ.

(Nightshade Family.)

SOLANUM, Tourn.

387 Dulcamara, L. Bittersweet. Streets and yards.

388 nigrum, L. Common weed in fields.

389 Carolinense, L. Horse Nettle. Pastures and roads.

390 rostratum, Dunal. A vile weed on our streets.

PHYSALIS, L. Ground Cherry.

391 Virginiana, Mill. Very common in cultivated ground.

392 viscosa, L. Fence rows and cop-

393 pubescens, L. In damp rich soil; common.

394 lanceolata, Mx. Frequent in light

395 Var. lævigata, Gray. Dry hills;

396 Var. hirta, Gray. On rocks mostly; not common.

NICANDRA, Adans. Apple of Peru. 397 physaloides, Gærtn. Old gardens and waste places. (Adv. from Peru.)

LYCIUM, L. Matrimony-vine.

398 vulgare, Dunal. Streets and yards; escaped from cultivation

DATURA, L. Jamestown-weed. 399 Tatula, L. Waysides and along (Adv, from trop. streets. Amer,)

400 Stramonium, L. With the preceding. (Adv. from Asia.)

GENTIANACEÆ.

(Gentian Family.)

GENTIANA, L. Gentian. 401 alba, Muhl. Dry wooded hills; not common.

402 Andrewsii, Griseb. Borders of

prairies, in oak mottes.

403 puberula, Mx. Common on dry prairies.

APOCYNACE.E.

(Dogbane Family.)

APOCYNUM, Tourn. Dogbane.

404 cannabinum, L. Along streams; very variable.

ASCLEPIADACEÆ.

(Milkweed Family.)

ASCLEPIAS, L. Milkweed. Silkwee 405 Cornuti, Decaisne. Common. Silkweed.

406 purpurascens, L. Wooded hillsides.

407 incarnata, L. Wet prairies; frequent.

408 Meadii, Torr. Common on low prairies.

409 tuberosa, L. Fields and meadows. 410 verticillata, L. Moist ground

along streams. Enslenia, Nutt.

411 albida, Nutt. Sandy banks of the Missouri.

OLEACEÆ.

(Olive Family.)

Fraxinus, Tourn. Ash.
412 Americana. L. White Ash. well-known valuable tree.

ARISTOLOCHIACEÆ.

(Birthwort Family.)

ASARUM, Tourn. Wild Ginger.

413 Canadense, L. Rich woods along ravines.

ARISTOLOCHIA, Tourn. Birthwort.

414 Serpentaria, L. Newly cleared rich woods; never very com-

NYCTAGINACEÆ.

(Four-o'clock Family.)

OXYBAPHUS, Vahl.

415 albidus, Sweet. Frequent on dry rocky ledges.

PHYTOLACCACEÆ.

(Pokeweed Family.)

PHYTOLACCA, Tourn. Pokeweed. 416 decandra, L. Low rich ground along streams.

CHENOPODIACEÆ.

(Goosefoot Family.)

CHENOPODIUM, L. Goosefoot. Pigweed. 417 album, L. A common weed in cultivated ground. (Nat. from Eu.)

418 viride, L. With the preceding. (Nat.from Eu.)

419 murale, L. Frequent about dwellings. (Adv. from Eu.)

420 hybridum, L. Common in manured ground. (Nat. from Eu.)

421 Botrys, L. Streets of towns; escaped from gardens. (Adv. from Eu.)

422 ambrosioides, L. Streets of Independence and Kansas City. (Nat. from trop. Amer.)

423 anthelminticum, L. Wormseed. Very common on the streets of Independence. (Nat. trop. Amer.)

AMARAN TACEÆ.

(Amaranth Family.)

AMARANTUS, Tourn. Amaranth.

424 paniculatus, L. Frequent about old gardens. (Adv. from trop. Amer.)

425 retroflexus, L. A weed in waste places. (Nat. from trop. Amer)

426 albus, L. Common along roadsides. (Nat. from trop. Amer.)

427 spinosus, L. An abominable weed on the streets of Kansas City. (Nat. from trop. Amer.)

428 viridis, L. Streets and yards; not frequent. (Adv. from Eu.)

MONTELIA, Moquin.

429 tamariscina, Gray. Sandy shores of the Missouri.

POLYGONACEÆ.

(Buckwheat Family,)

Polygonum, L. Knotweed.

430 orientale, L. Prince's Feather. Along railroads; escaped from gardens. (Adv. from India.)

431 Pennsylvanieum, L. Common in waste grounds.

432 incarnatum, Ell. Low sandy bottoms along streams.

433 Persicaria, L. Lady's Thumb. Damp shady places. (Nat. from Eu.)

434 Hydropiper, L. Smartweed. About springs and along shaded brooks. (Eu.)

435 acre, H. B. K. With the preceding.

436 hydropiperoides, Mx. Brooks and rills; very common.

437 Muhlenbergii, Watson. Sandy bottoms along the Missouri.

438 Virginianum, L. In fields along fences; common.

439 aviculare, L. Yards about houses. (Eu.)

440 erectum, L. Similar situations as the above.

441 dumetorum, L., var. scandens, Gray. Thickets and copses.

FAGOPYRUM, Tourn. Buckwheat.

442 esculentum, Mench. Enduring for a while in old fields. (Adv. from Eu.)

RUMEX, L. Dock. Sorrel.

443 altissimus, Wood. Moist soil along streams.

444 salicifolius, Weinmann. Brackish streams.

445 crispus, L. A weed in waste ground. (Nat. from Eu.)

446 acetosella. L. Introduced from the East with wheat. (Nat. from Eu.)

EUPHORBIACEÆ.

(Spurge Family.)

EUPHORBIA, L. Spurge.

447 maculata, L. A common roadside weed.

448 humistrata, Engelm. Sandy soil along streams.

449 hypericifolia, L. Common in fields and along roads.

450 marginata, Pursh, Escaped from gardens. (Adv. from the west.)

451 corollata, L. Sandy or rocky soil; not very plenty,

452 dentata, Mx. Moist fields and fence rows.

453 heterophylla, L. Dry rocky

slopes; frequent.
ACALYPHA, L. Three-seeded Mercury. 454 Virginica, L. Common weed in fields and meadows.

CROTON, L.

455 capitatus, Mx. Dry rocky ground; not very abundant.

With the 456 monanthogyus, Mx. other; more common.

URTICACEÆ.

(Nettle Family.)

ULMUS, L. Elm.

457 fulva, Mich. Slippery Elm. Very well known.

458 Americana, L. White Elm. The commonest species.

459 racemosa, Thom. Corky White Elm. Very rare in this locality.

Celtis, Tourn. Nettle-tree. Hackberry. 460 occidentalis, L. A very familiar tree.

Morus, Tourn. Mulberry.

461 rubra, L. Common in rich woods.

URTICA, Tourn. Nettle.

462 gracilis, Ait. Moist ground in old fields.

LAPORTEA, Gaudichaud. Wood Nettle. 463 Canadensis, Gaudichaud. Moist soil along streams.

PILEA, Lindl. Richweed. Clearweed. 464 pumila, Gray. Moist rocks slop-ing to the North.

Parietaria, Tourn. Pellitory. 465 Pennsylvanica, Muhl. Base of rocky cliffs in the shade.

CANNABIS, Tourn. Hemp.

466 sativa, L. Waste grounds. (Adv. from Eu.)

HUMULUS, L. Hop.

467 lupulus, L. Deep soil along streams; common. (Eu.)

PLATANACEÆ.

(Plane Tree Family.)

Plane Tree. PLATANUS, L. Buttonwood.

468 occidentalis, L. Sycamore. Mostly along streams.

JUGLANDACEÆ.

(Walnut Family.)

JUALANS, L. Walnut.

469 nigra, L. A valuable timber tree.

CARYA, Nutt. Hickory.

470 alba, Nutt. Shell-bark. This is the principal tree of the genus.

471 sulcata, Nutt. Hard-shell. large tree but not valuable.

472 tomentosa, Nutt. Mocker-nut. Hills along the Blues.

473 poreina, Nutt. Pig-nut. Common everywhere.

474 amara, Nutt. Bitter-nut. Very abundant.

CUPULIFER E.

(Oak Family.)

QUERCUS, L. Oak.

475 alba, L. A valuable lumber tree. 476 macrocarpa, Mx. Quite plenty.

477 Prinus, L. Dry sterile hills.

478 Muhlenbergii, Engelm. soil along streams.
479 prinoides, Willd. Rocky hills;

not common.

480 imbricaria, Michx. Barren hills; frequent.

481 nigra, L. Dry sandy hills.

482 coccinea, Wang. With the preceding.

483 rubra, L. Rich soil along streams 484 palustris, Du Roi. Bottoms along rivers.

CORYLUS, Tourn. Hazel-nut. 485 Americana, Walt. Copses; very common.

OSTRYA, Micheli. Iron-wood.

486 Virginica, Willd. Deep woods; not rare.

SALICACEÆ.

(Willow Family,)

Salix, Tourn. Willow. Osier.

487 sericea, Marshall. Bottoms along the Missouri.

488 petiolaris, Smith. Moist ground along branches.

489 lucida, Muhl. Low grounds; very

490 nigra, Marsh. Common in damp ravines.

POPULUS, Tourn. Poplar. Aspen.

491 monilifera, Ait. Cotton-wood. Rivers everywhere.

492 angulata, Ait. Necklace Poplar. With the last.

CLASS II.-MONOCOTYLEDONOUS OR ENDOGENOUS PLANTS.

ARACEÆ.

(Arum Family.)

ARISÆMA, Martius. Dragon Arum. 493 triphyllum, Torr. Indian Turnip. Rich soil: common.

494 Dracontium, Schott. Green Dragon. With the other.

Acorus, L. Sweet Flag.

495 Calamus, L. Calamus. Margir s of dark pools.

TYPHACEÆ.

(Cat-tail Family.)

TYPHA, Tourn. Cat-tail Flag. 496 angustifolia, L. Swamps every-

where. SFARGANIUM, Tourn. Bur-reed.

497 eurycarpum, Engelm. Sloughs along the Blues.

NAIADACEÆ.

(Pondweed Family.)

POTAMOGETON, Tourn. Pondweed. 498 hybridus, Mx. Slow streams and ponds; common.

ALISMACEÆ.

(Water-Plantain Family.)

ALISMA, L. Water-Plantain.

499 Plantago, L., var. Americanum, Gray. Shallow lakes.

ECHINODORUS, Engelmann.

500 rostratus, Engelm. Inundated bottoms along the Missouri.

SAGITTARIA, L. Arrow-head. 501 variabilis, Engelm. In shallow ponds; common.

502 graminea, Mx. Muddy places; uncommon.

ORCHIDACEÆ.

(Orchis Family.)

Spiranthes, Richard. Ladies' Tresses. 503 graminea, Lindl., var. Walteri, Grav. Prairies.

Pogonia, Juss. Three-Birds.

504 pendula, Lindl. Bottom lands; very rare here.

APLECTRUM, Nutt. Putty-root. 505 hyemale, Nutt. Adam-and-Eve. Rich soil; rare.

AMARYLLIDACEÆ.

(Armaryllis Family.)

Hypoxys, L. Star-grass. 506 erecta, L. Glade Glades and open woods; common.

IRIDACEÆ.

(Iris Family.)

IRIS, L. Flower-de-Luce.

507 versicolor, L. Blue Flag. Swamps; very common.

508 cuprea, Pursh. Low ground about springs; frequent.

PARDANTHUS, Ker. Blackberry Lily. 509 Chinensis, Ker. About old gardens. (Adv. from China.)

SISYRINCHIUM, L. Blue-eyed Grass. 510 Bermudiana, L. All the different forms are very common.

DIOSCOREACEÆ.

(Yam Family.)

Yam. DIOSCOREA, Plumier. 511 villosa, L. Common in hazel copses.

SMILACEÆ.

(Smilax Family.)

SMILAX, Tourn. Catbrier.

512 rotundifolia, L, Greenbrier. Very common.

513 herbacea, L. Carrion-Flower. Fields and meadows.

LILIACEÆ.

(Lily Family.)

UVULARIA, L. Bellwort.

514 grandiflora, Smith. High bluffs along the Missouri.

SMILACINA, Desf. False Spikenard.

515 racemosa, Desf. Damp woods: not frequent.

POLYGONATUM, Tourn. Solomon's Seal. 516 biflorum, Ell. Banks of streams. 517 giganteum, Dietrich. Rich soil along ravines.

Asparagus, L. Asparagus.
518 officinalis, L. Garden Asparagus. Escaped into copses. (Adv. from Eu.)

LILIUM, L. Lily.

519 superbum, L. Rich soil along streams; common in cultivation

ERYTHRONIUM, L. Dog's-tooth Violet. 520 albidum, Nutt. Cool shaded ravines. very abundant.

SCILLA, L. Squill.

521 Fraseri, Gray. High hills along Little Blue.

ALLIUM, L. Onion. Garlie.

522 stellatum, Nutt. Limestone ledges; very common.

523 Canadense, Kalm. Thickets and moist copses.

JUNCACEÆ.

(Rush Family.)

Juncus, L. Rush. Bogrush.

524 tenuis, Willd. Common along roadsides.

525 nodosus, L. In low sandy ground along streams.

526 Var. megacephalus, Torr. Shallow ponds.

PONTEDERIACEÆ.

(Pickerelweed Family.)

HETERANTHERA, L. Mud Plantain. 527 limosa, Vahl. Very wet places; not very common.

COMMELYNACEÆ.

(Spiderwort Family.)

TRADESCANTIA, L. Spiderwort. 528 Virginica, L. Dry woods; a white form in gardens.

CYPERACEÆ.

(Sedge Family.)

CYPERUS, L. Galingale.

529 diandrus, Torr. Moist soil: not frequent.

530 inflexus, Muhl. Low sandy bot-

531 acuminatus, Torr. Along brooks; common.

532 compressus, L. Hills and fields; rare here.

533 phymatodes, Muhl. Moist sandy soil.

Hemicarpha, Nees.

534 subsquarrosa, Nees. Usually growing with 529, but is uncommon.

Eleocharis, R. Br.

535 obtusa, Schultes. Common in shallow ponds.

536 compressa, Sullivant. Sloughs and slow streams.

537 acicularis, R. Br. Marshes; very abundant.

SCIRPUS, L. Bulrush.

538 validus, Vahl. Missouri river bottoms.

539 atrovirens, Muhl. In low boggy ground.

540 Eriophorum, Mr. Wet prairies and marshes.

CAREX, L. Sedge.

541 Steudelii, Kunth. Meadows; very common.

542 vulpinoidea, Mx. Wet ground.

543 sparganioides, Muhl. Dry rocky hills.

544 cephalophora, Muhl. Woods. 545 rosea, Schk. Fields and pastures

546 lagopodioides, Schk. Moist copses; unfrequent.

547 straminea, Schk. Wooded hills. 548 Shortiana, Dew. Verywet Wooded hills.

ground: common.

549 grisea, Wahl. Borders of woods. 550 Davisii, Schw. and Torr. Damp thickets.

551 laxiflora, Lam. Hills and meadows.

Moist open 552 oligocarpa, Schk. woods: not rare.

Thickets 553 pubescens, Muhl. along streams.

554 lupulina, Muhl. Common about streams.

555 stenolepis, Torr. Very common in marshes.

556 Vaseyi, Dew. Sloughs and ponds; not frequent.

GRAMINE,E.

(Grass Family.)

LEERSIA, Solander. White Grass.

557 Virginica, Willd. Low ground; not uncommon.

558 oryzoides, Swartz. Bogs and marshes; rather scarce. (Eu.)

PHLEUM, L. Timothy.

559 pratense, L. Fields: cultivated for hay. (Nat. from Eu.) VILFA, Adaas. Rush Grass.

560 aspera, Beauv. Common in yards and rich soil.

561 vaginæflora, Torr. Dry sterile soil.

AGROSTIS, L. Bent Grass. Red-top. 562 vulgaris, With. Meadows; commonly cultivated. (Eu.)

563 alba, L. This and the above are valuable forage grasses. (Eu.)

Muhlenbergia, Schreber. Dropseed Grass.

564 glomerata, Trin. Dry, rocky hills: common.

Aristida, L.

565 oligantha, Mx. Very poor, dry soil.

SPARTINA, Schreber. Cord Grass. 566 cynosuroides, Willd. Bottoms and low grounds.

BOUTELOUA, Lagasca. Muskit Grass. 567 curtipendula, Gray. Rocky and very dry soil.

ELEUSINE, Gærtn. Crab Grass.

568 Indica, Gærtn. Waste ground; very common. (Nat. from Ind.)

TRICUSPIS, Beauv.

569 seslerioides, Torr. Borders of woods, in dry soil.

Dactylis, L. Orchard Grass.

570 glomerata, L. Yards, etc.; cultivated for hay. (Nat. from Eu.) MELICA, L.

571 mutica, Walt. Sandy soil along bluffs.

GLYCERIA, R. Br. Manna Grass. 572 Canadensis, Trin. Moist or wet Poa, L. ground; common. Blue Grass.

Common every-573 pratensis, L. where, but naturalized. (Eu.) ERAGROSTIS, Beauv.

574 pectinacea, Gray. Fields and yards; very common.

BROMUS, L. Chess or Cheat.

575 secalinus, L. Wheat fields, where it is often taken for degenerated wheat, but a close inspection will prove to the contra (Adv. from Eu.)

576 racemosus, L. With the preceding. (Adv. from Eu.)

577 ciliatus, L. Open woods and hills: not common.

Uniola, L. Spike Grass.

578 latifolia, Mx. Rocky hills and copses.

ELYMUS, L. Wild Rye.

579 Canadensis, L. Rich soil along streams.

580 Sibiricus, L. Bottom lands; not frequent. (Eu.)

581 striatus, Willd. Banks of streams 582 Var. villosus, Gray, With the above.

GYMNOSTICHUM, Schreb. Bottlebrush Grass.

583 Hystrix, Schreb. Moist shaded hills; frequent.

PHALARIS, L. Canary Grass.

584 Canariensis, L. Yards; rare. (Adv. from Eu.)

PANICUM, L. Panic Grass.

585 sanguinale, L. Cultivated fields. (Nat. from Eu.)

vated ground.

587 virgatum, L. Damp ground along brooks.

588 Crus-galli, L. Waste ground. (Nat. from Eu.)

SETARIA, Beauv. Foxtail Grass.

589 verticillata, Beauv. About yards. (Adv. from Eu.)

590 glauca, Beauv. Common in cornfields. (Adv. from Eu.)

591 viridis, Beauv. Fields and meadows. (Adv. from Eu.)
 592 Italica, Kunth. Millet. Fields;

commonly cultivated. (Adv. from Eu.)

CENCHRUS, L. Bur Grass.

593 tribuloides, L. A pest to farmers; common.
TRIPSACUM, L. Gama Grass.

594 dactyloides, L. A very tall grass on prairies.

Andropogon, L. Beard Grass.

595 furcatus, Muhl. Rocky hills; not frequent.

596 scoparius, Mx. Dry prairies; common.

SORGHUM, Pers. Broom Corn. 586 capillare, L. Fields and culti- 597 nutans, Gray, Hills and mottes.

SERIES II.

CRYPTOGAMOUS OR FLOWERLESS PLANTS.

CLASS III.—ACROGENS.

EQUISETACEÆ.

(Horsetail Family.)

EQUISETUM, L. Horsetail. Rush. 598 arvense, L. Common along streams.

599 robustum, Braun. In water everywhere.

FILICACEÆ.

(Fern Family.)

ADIANTUM, L. Maidenhair. 600 pedatum, L. Rich shaded slopes. Pellæa, Link. Cliff Brake.

601 atropurpurea, Link. Limestone ledges.

ASPLENIUM, L. Spleenwort.

602 angustifolium, Mx. Deep shaded OpmogLossum, L. woods.

CAMPTOSORUS, Link. Walking Leaf.

603 rhizophyllus, Link. Northern sides of limestone bluffs.

ASPIDIUM, Swartz. Wood Fern. 604 acrostichoides, Swartz. Shaded hillsides; common.

CYSTOPTERIS, Bernhardi. Bladder Fern. 605 fragilis, Bernh. Rocky knolls; very common. (Eu.)

ONOCLEA, L. Sensitive Fern. 606 sensibilis, L. Moist ground along streams.

Woodsia, R. Brown.

607 obtusa, Torr. Rocky slopes. BOTRYCHIUM, Swartz. Moonwort.

608 Virginicum, Swartz. Deep shad-(Eu.) ed woods.

Adder's Tongue. 609 vulgatum, L. Dry rocky hills; not rare. (Eu.)

NEW YORK.

FLORA

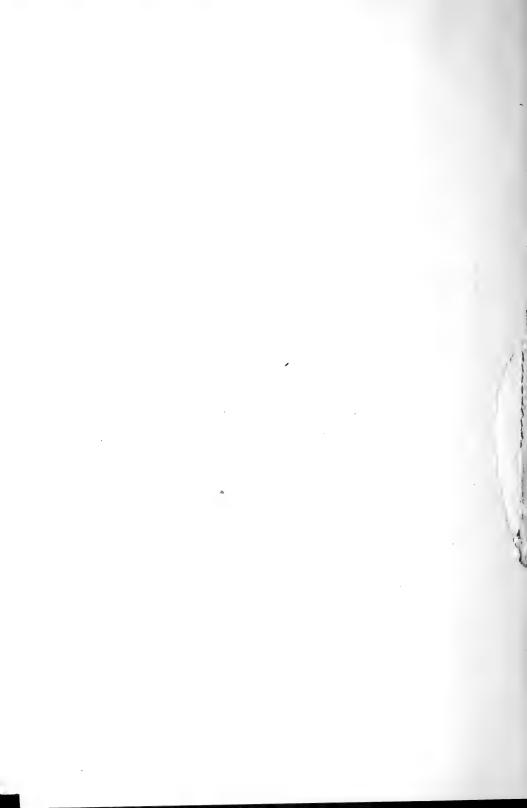
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ERRATA_

Page 9, No. 161, for "Lutetiana," read Lutetiana.

" 9, " 165. for "steams" read streams.

" 9, " 167, for "Ammonia" read Ammania.

" 11, " 180, for "Raff." read Raf.

" 10, " 195 should read 185.

"10, "191, for "cireezans" read circezans.

"10, "193, for "Gaern" read Gærtn.

"10, "201, for "eupatoroides" read eupatorioides.

"11, "222, for "dracucunculoides" read dracunculoides.

"11, "252, for 'trachelifolius' read trachelifolius.

"12, "283, for "Dens-conis" read Dens-leonis.

" 12, " 292, for "leptostachya" read leptostachys.

" 17, " 469, for "Jualans" read Jugians.



REPORT ON THE FLORA OF JACKSON COUNTY.

INTRODUCTION.

No account of the Flora of Jackson County ever having been given, I was solicited by my friends to publish a list of the plants I had found growing without cultivation in the county.

It was not my intention, at first, to commence so laborious a work as the determination of all our native plants, but a simple check list for the benefit of my exchanges; and indeed I do not claim much more for the work, as I am sure that there are many more plants yet undiscovered, which will necessitate the publication of other editions, as more matter accumulates.

My intention was, upon deciding to publish the Flora, to include nothing but such as had been collected or examined by myself, and I have adhered to it throughout.

Since the year '53, when Mr. F. Creuizfeldt made a collection in the vicinity of Westport, no one has ever, to the best of our knowledge, collected any plants in the county; therefore I am compelled to rely almost wholly upon my own investigations for so thorough a work as the enumeration of all the indigenous and naturalized plants of the county.

Bounded on the north by that great affluent of the Mississippi, it extends southward twenty-three miles, with a breadth of twenty-seven miles, making an area of six hundred and twelve square miles in the county. On the north we have the low alluvial bottoms along the Missouri, where the Polygonums thrive. On the east a low flat prairie, generally covered with water, where Water-Lilies have their habitat. On the south a high undulating prairie, dotted with oak mottes, abounding with Asters, Solidagoes and other prairie plants. On the west a ridge of high, broken hills, the remains of the glacial period, upon which are found those species of plants that inhabit dry sterile soil.

It is intersected by numerous small streams, and the two Blues. One, the larger, flows northeast through the whole length of the county, and empties into the Missouri between Independence and Kansas City; the smaller rises in the southern part of the county and flows north into the same river.

The county is also intersected by three railways, one of which extends from the Western to the Eastern confines of the county; another extends to St. Louis, while the third reaches the shores of the great lakes. Half a score of other roads concentrate in Kansas City from all parts of the country—from the waters of the Pacific to the shores of the Atlantic.

We should therefore expect that the Flora would be greatly enlarged by seeds being deposited on the banks of the Missouri River, and sown along the lines of those great transfers, the railroads. In this, however, we are disap-

pointed, for very few plants have been introduced by the means above mentioned.

During my three years collecting, I have detected 597 flowering plants, and twelve ferns and their allies, of which 522 are known to be indigenous, and are without indication in the Flora or with the term (Eu.) occasionally following, denoting that they are also indigenous to Europe. The remaining eighty-seven are either naturalized, and are indicated thus: (Nat. from Eu.), which denotes that they came from Europe, but are now propagating themselves freely without cultivation, and are fully established,—or are adventive, when they are so marked: (Adv. from Eu.), to indicate that they are not propagating themselves with such freedom as to be considered as fully established.

As will be seen, our Flora is devoid of Club-mosses, Pines, Spruces and Heaths, contains but few Lilies, Orchids, Polemoniums and Ferns, while it is very rich in Composites, Labiates, Figworts and Solanums. The absence of the Pine family is to be deplored, as there are but few trees that compare with the Firs and Pines in symmetry and freshness. The others being less ornamental, and of course less conspicuous, are not so much missed.

Half a century ago Jackson county was almost uninhabited, save by fierce and warlike tribes of Indians. Then there were no naturalized plants, no "weeds," and the indigenous plants grew and thrived without molestation.

But as the tide of immigration set in from the East, one by one the native plants disappeared, the rarer ones first, and as the county became more settled, and the cultivation of fields commenced, they rapidly vanished, to be followed up by a multitude of weeds.

As the county becomes more settled and the area of cultivated fields increase, the number of indigenous plants will become less, and, correspondingly, the number of naturalized plants will become greater. So that after a time, the number of years a county has been settled may be indicated by the number of weeds it contains; every few years witnessing the extinction of one of our native, and the appearance of some naturalized plants.

In arranging the material for this Flora, I have followed the arrangement of Gray's Manual, adopting the nomenclature contained therein, with a few exceptions, and then only where recent changes have been made, and which want of space forbids me mention.

I shall be pleased to note any correction, alteration or addition, that those who use this little work may make, either in regard to the name, number or locality of any plant it contains, or the discovery of any new species; all such should be communicated to me as soon as possible, in view of another edition the coming year.

In the determination of many of our plants, I have been materially assisted by Prof. F. L. Harvey, of Fayetteville, Arkansas, and Dr. George Engelmann, of St. Louis, Mo., to whom, I am under special obligations.

To those friends who have generously supported me in my botanical pursuits, I return my hearty thanks.

Hoping that my feeble efforts, in this new field for me, will have some little appreciation, I beg to remain,

Yours very truly,

FRANK BUSH.

CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

SERIES I.

PHENOGAMOUS OR FLOWERING PLANTS

CLASS I.-DICOTYLEDONOUS OR EXOGENOUS PLANTS.

RANUNCULACEÆ.

(Crowfoot Family.)

CLEMATIS, L. Virgin's Bower.
1 Pitcheri, Torr. and Gray. Rocky hills; not very common.

Anemone, L. Wind Flower.

2 Virginiana, L. Woodlands,

3 Pennsylvanica, L. Dry sandy soil; very common.

THALICTRUM, Tourn. Meadow Rue.

4 Cornuti, L. Borders of woods; not common.

RANUNCULUS, L. Buttercup. Crowfoot. 5 multifidus, Pursh. Standing water; frequent.

6 abortivus, L. Very common in meadows.

7 Var. micranthus, Grav. More common than the last.

8 Pennsylvanicus, L. Very wet plaees; not common.

9 fascicularis, Muhl. Along the Blue rivers.

10 repens, L. Hillsides bordering on streams. (Eu.)

MYOSURUS, Dill. Mouse Tail.

11 minimus, L. Rivulets and moist banks. (Eu.)

ISOPYRUM, L.

12 biternatum, Torr. and Gray. Open glades everywhere.

AQUILEGIA, Tourn. Wild Columbine. 13 Canadensis, L. Moist rocks; very common.

DELPHINIUM, Tourn. Larkspur.

14 tricorne, Michx. Dry ground and hills.

15 azureum, Michx. Our plant has white flowers.

16 Ajaris, L. Spontaneous along raliroads. (Adv. from Eu.) NIGELLA, J. Fennel Flower.

17 Damascena, L. Becoming spon- 25 Cucullaria, DC.

taneous in meadows. (Adv. from Eu.)

ANONACEÆ.

(Custard-Apple Family.)

ASIMINA, Adans. Papaw. 18 triloba, Dunal. Common shrub, with its well-known fruit.

MENISPERMACEÆ.

(Moonseed Family.)

MENISPERMUM, L. Moonseed. 19 Canadense, L. Yellow Parilla. Very frequent.

* BERBERIDACEÆ.

(Barberry Family.)

PODOPHYLLUM, L. Mandrake. 20 peltatum, L. May Apple. Woods; common.

NYMPHÆACEÆ.

(Water Lily Family.)

NELUMBIUM, Juss. Sacred Bean. 21 luteum, Willd. Water Chinquepin. Water near Buckner.

PAPAVERACEÆ.

(Poppy Family.)

ARGEMONE, L. Prickly Poppy. 22 Mexicana, L. Mexican Poppy. Waste places, near dwellings.

(Adv. from trop. Amer.) 23 Var. abiflora, DC. Fields and roadsides; common. (Adv. from trop. Amer.)

SANGUINARIA, Dill. Blood Root.

24 Canadensis, L. High bluffs along the Missouri river.

FUMARIACEÆ.

(Fumitory Family.)

DICENTRA, Bork.

Dutchman's

Banks of

Breeches. Moist ground.

CORYDALIS, Vent.

26 flavula, Raf. Hills and shady ravines.

CRUCIFERÆ.

(Mustard Family.)

NASTURTIUM, R. Br. Water Cress. 27 sinuatum, Nutt. River bottoms and sandy soil.

28 sessiliflorum, Nutt. streams; not rare.

29 obtusum, Nutt. Watered ground; common.

DENTARIA, L. Pepper Root.

30 laciniata, Muhl. Shaded woods.

CARDAMINE, L. Bitter Cress. 31 hirsuta, L. Wet meadows. (Eu.)

ARABIS, L. Rock Cress.

32 dentata, Torr. and Gray. Streams and rivulets.

33 Canadensis, L. Dry rocky hills; common.

34 hesperidoides, Gray. Along the Blue rivers.

SISYMBRIUM, L. Hedge Mustard.

35 officinale, Scop. A vile weed in yards. (Nat. from Eu.)

36 canescens, Nutt. Tansy Mustard. Hillsides; not rare.

Brassica, Tourn. Mustard.

37 alba, Gray. Cultivated grounds; uncommon. (Adv. from Eu.)

38 nigra, Gray. Waste places. Thoroughly established. (Adv. from Eu.)

Draba, L. Whitlow Grass.

39 Caroliniana, Walt., var. Micrantha, Gray. Somewhat rare.

CAPSELLA, Vent. Shepherd's Purse. 40 Bursa-Pastoris, Mench. A weed by the wayside (Nat. from Eu.) LEPIDIUM, L. Peppergrass.

41 Virginicum, L. One of the commonest weeds.

VIOLACEAE.

(Violet Family.)

SOLEA, DC. Green Violet.

42 concolor, Ging. Deep rich woods; frequent.

VIOLA, L. Violet.

43 primulæfolia, L. Moist ground. 44 cucullata, Ait. Our commonest

species. 45 pubescens, Ait. Rich woods, not very common.

46 tricolor, L., var. arvensis, Ging.

Fence rows; common. (Nat. from Eu.)

HYPERICACEÆ.

(St. John's Wort Family.)

HYPERICUM, L. St. John's Wort.

47 pyramidatum, Ait. Rare. Only four plants known.

48 adpressum, Barton. Damp rocky hills.

49 corymbosum. Muhl. Springy places. Common.

CARYOPHYLLACEÆ.

(Pink Family.)

SAPONARIA, L. Soapwort.

50 officinalis, L. Bouncing Bet. Roadsides. Common. (Adv. from

SILENE, L. Catchfly.

Starry Campion. 51 stellata, Ait. Banks of streams.

52 antirrhina, L. Sleepy Catchfly. Dry rocky ground.

LYCHNIS, Tourn. Cockle.

53 Githago, Lam. Corn Wheat fields. Frequent. (Adv. from Eu.)

ARENARIA L. Sandwort.

54 patula, Michx. Rocky ledges. Not very common.

CERASTIUM, L Mouse ear Chickweed. 55 viscosum, L. A weed in pastures. (Nat. from Eu.)

56 nutans, Raf. Moist open woods. Not rare,

Forked Chickweed. ANYCHIA, Michx. 57 dichotoma, Michx. Wooded hillsides. Common.

Mollugo, L. Indian Chickweed.

58 verticillata, L. Carpet weed. Alluvial soil.

PORTULACACEÆ.

(Purslane Family.)

PORTULACA, Tourn. Purslane. 59 oleracea, L. A well-known weed.

(Nat. from Eu.)

CLAYTONIA. L. Spring beautv.
60 Virginica, L. Moist, shaded hillsides; common.

MALVACEAE.

(Mallow Family.)

MALVA, L. Mallow.

61 rotundifolia, L. Very common in yards. (Adv. from Eu.)
62 sylvestris, L. Occurring along

fences. (Adv. from Eu.)

63 crispa, I., Escaped from old gardens. (Adv. frem Eu.) Malvastrum, Grav. False Mallow.

64 augustum, Gray. Dry rocky hills; not rare.

65 spinosa, L. A common roadside weed. (Nat. from trop. Amer.

ABUTILON, Tourn. Indian Mallow 66 Aricenna, Gaertn. Cotton weed. Velvet leaf; common. (Adv. from India)

HIBISCUS, L. Rose Mallow.

67 militaris, Cav. Island in Missouri river; not abundant.

68 Trionum, L. Flower-of-an-hour. Streets of towns.

TILIACEAE.

(Linden Family.)

TILIA, L. Linden. Basswood. 69 Americana, L. The Linn is a very well known tree.

C. LINACEAE.

(Flax Family.)

LINUM, L. Flax.

70 usitatissimum, L. Common Flax. Along railroads. (Adv. from Eu.)

GERANIACEAE.

(Geranium Family,)

GERANIUM, L. ! Cranesbill.

71 maculatum, L. Rich woods, Cultivated.

72 Carolinianum, L. Dry pastures and fields.

IMPATIENS, L. Balsam. Jewel-weed. 73 pallida, Nutt. Touch-me-not. Along streams.

74 fulva, Nutt. Damp rocks along bluffs.

OXALIS, L. Wood Sorrel.

75 violacea, L. Rocky hills; not common.

76 stricta, L. Fields and pastures; very common.

RUTACEAE.

(Rue Family.)

XANTHOXYLUM, Colden, Prickly Ash. 77 Americanum, Mill. Toothache tree. Rocky ground.

SIMARUBACEAE.

(Simaruba Family.)

AHANTUS, Desf. Tree of Heaven.
78 glandulosus, Desf. Is spontaneous

around dwellings. (Adv. from China.)

ANACARDIACEAE.

(Cashew Family.)

RHUS, L. Sumach.

79 glabra, L. Common in poor hilly soil.

80 copallina. Dry ground; not so common as the last.

81 Toxicodendron, L. Poison Oak. Very poisonous to the touch.

82 aromatica, Ait. Rocks; never very common.

VITACEAE.

(Vine Family.)

VITIS, Tourn. Grape. 83 æstivalis, Michx. Summer Grape.

84 cordifolia, Michx. Winter Grape. River banks.

85 riparia, Michx. Fox Grape. Not common.

86 indivisa, Willd. Ampelopsis, Mx. Virginian Creeper. 87 quinquefolia, Michx. American Ivv. Common in cultivation.

BHAMNACEAE.

(Buckthorn Family.)

RHAMNUS, Tourn. Buckthorn. 88 lanceolatus, Pursh. A tall willowy shrub, on rocks.

CEANOTHUS, L. Red-root.

89 Americanus, L. New Jersey Tea. Dry rocky grounds.

CELASTRACEAE.

(Staff-tree Family.)

CELASTRUS, L. Staff-tree. 90 scandens, L. Bitter-sweet. Thickets. Also cultivated. Euonymus, Tourn. Spindle-tree.

91 atropurpureus, Jacq. Burning Bush. Fine ornamental shrub; cultivated extensively.

SAPINDACEAE.

(Soapberry Family.)

STAPHYLEA, L. Bladder Nut. 92 trifolia, La

Along streams; frequent.

ÆSCULUS, L. Horse Chestnut. 93 Glabra, Willd. Buckeye. River

banks and bottoms. ACER, Tourn. Maple.

94 saccharinum, Wang. Sugar Ma-ple. Deep woods; common.

95 dasycarpum, Ehrhart. Silver Ma- LESPEDEZA, Mich. Bush Clover. ple. Streams; cultivated as a shade tree.

NEGUNDO, Moench. Box Elder.

96 aceroides, Mench. Rich soil along streams; also cultivated.

POLYGALACEAE.

(Milkwort Family.)

POLYGALA, Tourn. Milkwort.

97 ambigua, Nutt. Dry rockv ground; uncommon.

LEGUMINOSAE.

(Pulse Family.)

CROTALARIA, L. Rattle Box.

98 sagittalis, L. Dry sandy soil; on prairies.

Trifolium, L. Clover.

99 pratense, L. Red Clover. Escaped from cultivation. Adv. from Eu.)

100 stoloniferum, Muhl. Running Buffalo Clover; very common. Melilotus, Tourn. Sweet Clover.

101 alba, Lam. Melilot. Streets of Independence and Kansas City. (Adv. from Eu.)

Medicago, L. Medick.

102 sativa, L. Lucerne. Spontaneous about gardens. (Adv. from Eu.)

Petalostemon, Michx. Prairie Clover. 103 violaceus, Michx. Dry prairies everywhere.

104 candidus, Mx. Habitat as above.

AMORPHA, L. False Indigo.

105 fruticosa, L. Rocky shores of streams; very common.

106 canescens, Nutt. Lead Plant. Moist rocky clefts. Not as common as the other.

Robinia, L. Locust-tree.

107 Pseudacacia, L. Rich soil; evidently naturalized.

ASTRAGALUS, L. Milk Vetch.

108 Canadensis, L. Rocky banks along rivers.

DESMODIUM, DC. Tick Trefoil.

109 acuminatum, DC. Common in rich woods.

110 canescens, DC. A pestiferous weed in damp soil.

111 Dillenii, Darlingt. Very common

112 paniculatum, DC. Wood openings. 113 sessilifolium, Torr. and Gray.

Dry sandy prairies.

114 Marilandicum, Boott. Hills on the Blue.

115 violacea, Pers. Sandy hills; frequent.

116 Var. divergens, Gray. Rather common.

117 Var. angustifolia, Gray. Rare. 118 capitata, Michx. Dry prairies.

VICIA, Tourn. Vetch Tare.

119 Americana, Muhl. Moist rocky hills.

APIOS, Bærhaave. Wild Bean.

120 tuberosa, Mench. Seldom flowering here.

Phaseolus, L, Kidney Bean.

121 diversifolius, Pers. Our plant seems to be perennial.

AMPHICARPÆA, Ell. Hog Pea-nut.

122 monica, Nutt. Wooded hills; frequent.

BAPTISIA, Vent. False Indigo.

123 leucantha, Torr. and Gray. Low moist prairies.

CERCIS, L. Judas-tree.

124 Canadensis, L. Red-bud. Rich soil; often cultivated. Cassia, L. Senna.

125 Marilandica, L. Dry rocky ground; not common.

126 Chamæcrista, L. Sandy bottoms along rivers.

GYMNOCLADUS, Lam. Coffee-bean.

127 Canadensis, Lam. Woods. A fine

GLEDITSCHIA, L. Honey Locust.

128 triacanthos, L. A fine large tree with or without thorns.

DESMANTHUS, Willd.

129 brachylobus, Benth. Banks of streams; rather scarce.

Schrankia, Willd. Sensitive Plant. 130 uncinata, Willd. Dry sandy hills and prairies.

ROSACEAE.

(Rose Family.)

PRUNUS, Tourn. Plum.

131 Americana, Marshall. Wild red plum. Very common.

132 Pennsylvanica, L. Wild red cherry. A well known tree.

SPIRÆA. L. Meadow-sweet.

133 opulifolia, L. Nine bark. Banks of the Missouri.

AGRIMONIA, Tourn. Agrimony.

134 Eupatoria, L. Woodlands; common. [Eu.]

135 parvittora, Ait. Prairies and glades.

GEUM, L. Avens.

136 album, Gmelin. Damp rocks and soil; common.

137 Virginianum, La Wood openings; frequent.

POTENTIELA, L. Cinque Foil.

138 Norvegica, L. A weed in fields and yards. [Eu.]

139 paradoxa, Nutt. Banks of the Missouri.

140 Canadensis. L. Five Finger. Dry fields; very common.

FRAGARIA, Tourn. Strawberry.
141 Virginiana, Ehrhart., var. Illinoensis, Gray. Fields; very common.

RUBUS. Bramble.

142 occidentalis, L. Raspberry. Common in rich soil.

143 villosus, L. Blackberry. Found everywhere.

144 Canadensis, L. Dewberry. Sterile hills.

Rosa, Tourn. Rose.
145 setigera, Mx. Thickets; common.

146 Carolina, L. Very common in low grounds.

147 lucida, Ehrhart. Dry, rocky hillsides.

CRATEGUS, L. Hawthorn.

148 tomentosa, L. Very common, and runs into

149 Var. pyrifolia, Gray. The most common here.

150 Var. punetata, Gray: Not frequent.

151 subvillosa, Schrader. Resembles the last, but fruits much later.

152 Crus-galli, L. Streams, etc.; common.

PIRUS, L. Pear, Apple.

153 coronaria, L. Common Crab Apple; hills.

154 angustifolia, Ait. Frequent.

AMELANCHIER, Medic. June Berry. 155 alnifolia. Nutt. Not common. 156 Canadensis, Torr. and Gray. On

bluffs of the Missouri.

SAXIFRAGACEÆ.

(Saxifrage Family.)

RIBES, L. Gooseberry. 157 rotundifolium, Mx. Very common, throughout.

CRASSULACEÆ.

(Orpine Family.)

PENTHORUM, Gronov. Ditch Stone-

ground.

SEDUM, Tourn. Stone Crop.

159 pulchellum, Mx. Rocky ledges; common.

HALORAGEAE.

(Water Milfoil Family.)

Myriophyllum, Vaill. Water Milfoil. 160 seabratum, Mx. Shallow lakes and ponds.

ORAGRACEAE.

(Evening Primrose Family.)

CIRCAA, Tourn. Enchanter's Nightshade. 161 Lutetiana, L. Moist wooded Moist wooded hills. (Eu.)

GAURA, L.

162 biennis, L. Dry, sandy soil; not common.

ENOTHERA, L. Evening Primrose.

163 biennis L. Old fields; very common.

164 fruticosa, L. Rich soil; frequent. LUDWIGIA, L. False Loosestrife.

165 alternifolia, L. Not uncommon along steams.

166 palustris, Ell. Ditches and ponds. (Eu.)

LYTHRACEAE.

(Loosestrife Family.)

AMMONIA, Houston.

167 latifolia, L. Muddy places; rather common.

LYTHRUM, L. Loosestrife. 168 alatum, Pursh. Wet prairies; common.

CUPHEA, Jacq.

169 viscosissima, Jacq. Rocky hills; very common.

CACTACEAE.

(Cactus Family.)

OPUNTIA, Tourn. Prickly Pear. 170 vulgaris, Mill. Common on rocks.

CUCURBITACEAE.

(Gourd Family.)

Sicyos, L. One Seeded Star Cucumber. 171 angulatus, L. Along streams; cultivated.

ECHINOCYSTIS, Torr. and Gray. Balsam Apple.

172 lobata, Torr. and Gray. River banks; cultivated for arbors.

UMBELLIFERAE.

(Parsley Family.)

158 sedoides, L. Springs and moist Sanicula, Tourn. Black Snakeroot.

173 Canadensis, L. Low ground; very common.

ERYNGIUM, Tourn. Eryngo.

174 yuccaefolium, Michx. Prairies: very common.

Daucus, Tourn. Carrot.

175 Carota, L. Persistent in old fields. (Adv. from Eu.)

Pastinaca, Tourn. Parsnip.

176 sativa. L. Spontaneous in old fields. (Adv. from Eu.)

CICUTA, L. Water Hemlock.

177 maculata, L. Low ground; common.

CRYPTOTÆNIA, DC. Honewort. 178 Canadensis, DC. Frequ Frequent in moist places.

CHÆROPHYLLUM, L. Chervil.

179 procumbens, Lam. Moist woods; not common.

OSMORRHIZA, Raff. Sweet Cicely. 180 longistylis, DC. Deep woods; frequent.

CORNACEÆ.

(Dogwood Family.)

Cornus, Tourn. Dogwood. 181 paniculata, L'Her. Banks of streams.

CAPRIFOLIACEÆ.

(Honeysuckle Family.)

Symphoricarpus, Dill. Snowberry.

vulgaris, Mx. Coral Berry. Rocky hills.

LONICERA, L. Honeysuckle.

183 parviflora, Lam. High rocky bluffs along the Missouri.

TRIOSTEUM. Horse Gentian. 184 perfoliatum, L. Con Common on rocky hills.

SAMBUCUS, Tourn. Elder.

195 Canadensis, L. Fence rows; very common.

VIBURNUM, L. Black Haw. 186 Lentago, L. Sheep Berry. Rocks and banks of streams.

RUBIACEÆ.

(Madder Family.)

GALIUM, L. Bedstraw.

187 Aparine, L. Moist Cleavers. ground; very frequent. (Eu.) 188 concinnum, Torr. and Gr. Cop-

ses; not rare.

189 trifidum, L. Plentiful on wet prairies. (Eu.)

190 trifforum, Mx. Wooded hills; common.

191 cireæzans, Mx. Moist ground everywhere.

CEPHALANTHUS, L. Button Bush.

192 occidentalis, L. Banks of Blue and other streams.

VALERIANACEÆ.

(Valerian Family.)

Fedia, Gærn. Lamb Lettuce. 193 radiata, Mx. Wet prairies; not common.

COMPOSITÆ.

(Composite Family.)

VERNONIA, Schreb. Iron Weed. 194 Noveboracensis, Willd. Roadsides; very common.

195 fasciculata, Mx. River bottoms. ELEPHANTOPUS, L. Elephant's foot.

196 Carolinianus, Willd. Dry hills:

LIATRIS, Schreb. Blazing Star.

197 squarrosa, Willd. Very plenty on dry prairies.

198 punctata, Hook. Common on dry sandy prairies.

199 scariosa, Willd. Dry prairies; common.

200 pyenostachya, Michx. With the preceding.

KUHNIA, L.

201 eupatoroides, L. Dry sterile soil; very common.

EUPATORIUM, Tourn. Thoroughwort. 202 purpureum, L. Low grounds along streams.

203 altissimum, L. Very common on dry hills.

204 perfoliatum, L. Boneset. A well-known herb.

205 ageratoides, L. Rich soil along streams.

206 aromaticum, L. Low ground; not common.

ASTER, L. Starwort.

207 lævis, L. Banks and copses.

208 Var. laevigatus, Gray. Dry sterile hillsides.

209 Var. cyaneus, Gray. Borders of woods.

210 azureus, Lindl. Prairies and copses; common.

211 Drummondii, Lindl. Wooded hills; very abundant.

212 ericoides, L, Borders of fields and woods.

213 multifloris, Ait. Dry ground; common.

214 paniculatus, Lam. Fields and

copses; common everywhere.

215 tenuifolius, L. Low bottoms along streams.

216 oblongifolius, Nutt. Dry, rocky Heliopsis, Pers. Oxeve. cliffs along the Blues.

217 Novae-Angliae, L. Prairies and bottoms; frequent.

ERIGERON, L. Fleabane.

218 Canadense, L. Horse Weed. Too common in fields. (Nat. in Eu.)

219 Philadelphicum, L. Meadows and woodlands.

220 annuum, Pers. A common weed in fields. (Nat. in Eu.)

221 strigosum, Muhl. With the last.

AMPHIACHYSIS.

222 dracucunculoides, DC. Verv common on prairies about Lee's Summit.

BOLTONIA, L'Her.

223 glastifolia, L'Her. Inundated bottoms of rivers.

Solidago, L. Golden-rod.

224 rigida, L. Dry prairies; not uncommon.

225 ulmifolia, Muhl. Rocky hills; common.

226 Missouriensis, Nutt. With the preceding; not frequent.

227 rupestriy, Raf. Poor soil along streams.

228 Canadensis, L. Very common everywhere.

129 serotina, Ait. Bottoms along the Missouri.

A glabrate form 230 gigantea, Ait. of the above.

231 lanceolata, L. Prairies; very abundant.

INULA, L. Elecampane.

232 Helenium, L. Rocky ground; escaped from cultivation.

SILPHIUM, L. Rosin Weed.

233 laciniatum, L. Compass Plant. Prairies; common.

234 integrifolium, Mx. Dry sterile hills.

Cup Plant. 235 perfoliatum, L. Streams.

Ambrosia, Tourn. Rag Weed. 236 trifida, L. Very common along streams.

237 artemisaefolia, L. A common weed in fields.

238 psilostachya, DC. Dry barrens; not common.

XANTHIUM, Tourn. Cocklebur.

239 strumarium, L. A vile weed in bottoms.

ECLIPTA, L.

240 procumbens, Mx. Moist ground; frequent.

241 laevis, Pers. Dry open ground; not rare.

ECHINACEA, Moench. Purple Coneflower.

242 angustifolia, DC. Common on dry prairies.

RUDBECKIA, L. Cone-flower.

243 laciniata, L. Moist soil along rivers.

244 subtomentosa, Pursh. Frequent on prairies.

245 triloba, L. Dry fields; very common.

246 speciosa, Wenderoth. Dry hills and prairies.

247 hirta, L. A common weed in clover fields.

LEPACHYS, Raf.

248 pinnata, Torr. and Gray. Dry rocky hills; frequent.

HELIANTHUS, L. Sunflower.

249 annuus, L. About dwellings; escaped from cultivation. (Adv. from trop. Amer.)

250 rigidus, Desf. Common in dry

open places.

251 grosse-serratus, Martens. Fence rows and along railroads. 252 trachelifolius, Willd. Dry sterile

hills; common.

253 tuberosus, L. Artichoke. Fields and copses. (Adv from Eu.) ACTINOMERIS, Nutt.

254 squarrosa, Nutt. Rich soil along streams.

Tickseed. Coreopsis, L.

255 tinctoria, Nutt. Spontaneous along railroads. (Adv. from Eu.)

256 tripteris, L. Dry rocky hills; not frequent.

257 aristosa, Mx., var. mutica, Gray. Very low ground.

BIDENS, L. Bur-Marigold.

258 frondosa, L. Moist ground along streams.

259 connata, Muhl. With the preceding.

260 cernua, L. Beds of rivulets (Eu.) 261 chrysanthemoides, Michx.

river bottoms. 262 bipinnata, L. Spanish Needles.

Wooded hills.

Dysodia, Cav. Fetid Marigold.

263 chrysanthemoides, Lag. A com-

mon roadside weed.

HELENIUM. L. Sneeze Weed.

264 autumnale, L. Alluvial soil along streams.

MARUTA, Cass. May Weed.

265 Cotula, DC. Dog Fennel. A wellknown weed. (Nat. from Eu.)

ACHILLEA, L. Yarrow.

266 Millefolium, L. Milfoil. Clover fields; common. (Eu.)

LEUCANTHEMUM, Tourn. Oxeye Daisy. 267 vulgare, Lam. White Weed. Not very common. (Nat. from Eu.)

TANACETUM, L. Tansv.

268 vulgare, L. About dwellings and along roadsides. (Adv. from

ARTEMISIA, L. Wormwood.

269 Ludoviciana, Nutt. Dry sandy banks; frequent. 270 biennis, Willd. Roadsides and

fields.

GRAPHALIUM, L. Cudweed.

271 polycephalum, Mx. Dry sterile fields; not common.

272 uliginosum, L. Pastures and roadsides; frequent. (Eu.)

ANTENNARIA, Gaertn. Everlasting. 273 plantaginifolia, Hook. Meadows and knolls.

ERECHTHITES, Raf. Fireweed.

274 hieracifolia, Raf. Rich open woods; common.

CACALIA. Indian Plantain.

275 atriplicifolia, L. Borders of deep woods.

276 tuberosa, Nutt. Common on wet prairies.

SENECIO, L. Groundsel.

277 lobatus, Pers. Butter-weed. Rich woods; uncommon.

278 aureus, L. Frequent in sphagnous swamps.

CIRSIUM, Tourn. Thistle. 279 lanceolatum, Scop. Fields and (Nat. roads; very common. from Eu.)

Wooded 280 altissimum, Spreng. hills; not common.

LAPPA, Tourn.

281 officinalis, Allioni. Moist places about springs. (Nat. from Eu.)

NABALUS, Cass. Rattlesnake Root. 282 aspera, Torr. and Gr. Dry barrens and along railroads.

TARAXACUM, Haller. Dandelion.

283 Dens-conis, Desf. A common weed in pastures. (Eu.)

LACTUCA, Tourn. Lettuce.

284 Canadensis, L. Fields; common. 285 Var. integrifolia, Torr. and Gr. Similar situation as above.

286 Var. sanguinea, Torr. and Gray.

Dry sterile hills. MULGEDIUM, Cass. Blue Lettuce.

287 acuminatum, DC. Fields and pastures.

288 Floridanum, DC. Wooded hillsides.

Sonchus, L. Sow Thistle.

A very common 289 oleraceus, L. weed in gardens. (Nat. from Eu.)

290 asper, Vill. Fields and along railroads. (Nat. from Eu.)

LOBELIACEÆ.

(Lobelia Family.)

Lobelia, L. Lobelia.

291 syphilitica, L. Along streams. 292 leptostachya, A. DC. Damp rocky hills.

293 inflata, L. Indian Tobacco. Dry tields; common.

CAMPANULACEÆ.

(Campanula Family.)

CAMPANULA, Tourn. Bell Flower. Thickets 294 Americana, L. along streams.

SPECULARIA, Heister. Venus' Looking Glass.

295 leptocarpa, Gray. Frequent on damp rocky hills.

296 perfoliata, A. DC. Dry sterile hills; very common.

${ m EBENACE} { m \mathcal{A}}.$

(Ebony Family.)

DIOSPYROS, L. Date Plum. 297 Virginiana, L. Persimmon. Poor hilly soil.

PLANTAGINACEÆ.

(Plantain Family.)

PLANTAGO, L. Plantain.

298 Major, L About dwellings in damp soil.

299 Virginica, L. Dry sterile fields; very common.

300 Var. longifolia, Gray. Rich soil along streams.

301 Patagonica, Jacq., Var. aristata, Gray. Barrens; not common.

PRIMULACEÆ.

(Primrose Family.)

ANDROSACE, Tourn.

302 occidentalis, Pursh. Dry sandy Gratiola, L. Hedge Hyssop. hills; frequent.

Lysimachia, Tourn. Loosestri e.

303 ciliata. L. Copses and along ILYSANTHES, Raf. fences: common.

304 nummularia, L. Moneywort. Near gardens. (Adv. from Eu.)

ANAGALLIS, Tourn. Pimpernel.

305 arvensis. L. Moist soil about dwellings. (Nat. from Eu.)

LENTIBULACEÆ.

(Bladderwort Family.)

UTRICULARIA, L. Bladderwort. 306 vulgaris, L. Sloughs and deep ponds: common.

BIGNONIACE E.

(Bignonia Family.)

CATALPA. Scop. Indian Bean.

307 bignonioides, Walt. Grows wild along roadsides, but was introduced.

MARTYNIA, L. Unicorn plant.

308 proboscidea, Glox. Low ground along streams.

SCROPHULARIACEÆ.

(Figwort Family.)

VERBASCUM, L. Mullein. -

309 Thapsus, L. A common weed in fields. (Nat. from Eu.)
310 Blattaria, L. Frequent along

roadsides; (Nat. from Eu.), Tourn. Toad-flax.

LINARIA, Tourn.

311 vulgaris, Mill. Streets; escaped from gardens. (Nat. from Eu.)

SCROPHULARIA, Tourn. Figwort.

312 nodosa, L. Common along streams.

COLLINSIA. Nutt.

313 verna, Nutt. Moist rich ground; not very common.

PENTSTEMON, Mitchell. Beard Tongue. 314 pubescens, Solander. Dry ground: frequent.

315 laevigatus, Solander. Var. Digitalis, Grav. Very common on wet prairies.

MIMULUS, L. Monkey Flower.

316 ringens, L. Low bottoms; not very common.

317 alatus, Ait. Rivulets; not rare. CONOBEA, Aublet.

318 multifida, Benth. Upper leaves usually ternate.

HERPESTIS, Gaertn.

319 rotundifolia, Pursh. Muddy places; very frequent.

320 sphaerocarpa, Ell. Very wet places: uncommon.

321 gratioloides, Benth. Banks of Blue Rivers.

VERONICA, L. Speedwell.

322 Virginica, L. Rich woods; rather common.

323 peregrina, L. A weed in gardens. 324 arvensis, L. Rocky hills; plenti-

ful. (Nat. from Eu.) SEYMERIA, Pursh.

325 macrophylla, Nutt. Rocky streams: not common.

GERARDIA, L. Gerardia.

326 auriculata, Michx. Common on moist prairies.

327 Skinneriana, Wood. Fields and openings.

PEDICULARIS, Tourn. Lousewort.

328 Canadensis L. High hills along the Blue rivers.

ACANTHACE.E.

(Aeanthus Family.)

RUELLIA, L.

329 ciliosa, Pursh. Dry rocky soil: very common.

330 Var. longiflora, Gray. With the preceding; not rare.

VERBENACEÆ.

(Vervain Family.)

VERBENA, L. Vervain.

331 angustifolia, Mx. Dry hills; very frequent.

332 hastata, L. Low meadows; not common.

333 urticifolia, L. A weed along waysides.

334 stricta, Vent. With the preceding 335 bracteosa, Mx. Yards and waste

ground. 336 Aubletia, L. Rocks and hills;

rather common.

LIPPIA, L. 337 lanceolata, Mx. Common about springs and rills.

PHRYMA, L. Lopseed.

338 Leptostachya, L. Rich, moist woods; frequent.

LABIATÆ.

(Mint Family.)

TEUCRIUM, L. Germander. 339 Canadense, L. Wood Sage. Very common.

Isanthus, Mx. False Pennyroyal.

340 caeruleus, Mx. Fields and woods; common

MENTHA, L. Mint.

341 viridis, L. Springs and streams. (Nat. from Eu.)

342 piperita, L. Along brooks and banks; uncommon. (Nat. from

343 Canadensis, L. Commoner in springs than the

344 Var. glabrata, Benth. With the primary form.

LYCOPUS, L. Water Horehound.

345 Virginicus, L. In water; frequent 346 sinuatus, Ell. Very common. PYCNANTHEMUM, Mx. Mountain Mint.

347 Torreyi, Benth. Woods and knolls 348 muticum, Pers. var., pilosum, Gray. Borders of woods.

349 linifolium, Pursh. Brackish soil:

very common.

HEDEOMA, Pers. Mock Pennyroyal. 350 pulegioides, Pers. Hills and sterile ground.

351 hispida, Pursh. Barrens; very common.

Salvia, L. Sage.

352 azurea, Lam., var. grandiflora, Benth. Dry rocky soil.

353 lanceolata, Willd. Streets of towns; apparently introduced.

Monarda, L. Horse Mint.

354 fistulosa, L. Rich woods; very variable. 355 Bradburiana, Beck. Oak-open-

ings; not common.

BLEPHILIA, Raf.

356 ciliata, Raf. Woods and open fields: rare.

357 hirsuta, Benth. Deep woods; not

LOPHANTHUS, Benth. Giant Hyssop. 358 nepetoides, Benth. Abundant on wooded banks.

359 scrophulariæfolius, Benth. Copses and banks; not common.

NEPETA. Cat Mint.

360 Cataria, L. Cat-nip. Common along fence rows. [Adv. from

361 Glechoma, Benth. Ground Ivy. Rocky hillsides; common. (Adv. from Eu.)

Physostegia, Benth. False Dragonhead.

Virginiana, Benth. Low bot-362.toms of the Missouri.

BRUNELLA, Tourn. Self-heal.

363 vulgaris, L. Heal-all.

plenty along streams. Scutellaria, L. Skull-cap.

364 versicolor, Nutt. Wooded banks; not very abundant.

365 parvula, Mx. Dry sandy prairies. 366 lateriflora, L. Wet banks and streams; very common.

MARRUBIUM, L. Horehound.

367 vulgare, L. Roadsides and fields; common. (Nat. from Eu.)

STACHYS, L. Hedge Nettle.

368 aspera, Mx. Low ground; the common form.

369 Var. glabra, Gray. Wet banks and pools; uncommon.

LEONURUS, L. Motherwort.

370 Cardiaca, L. Streets and waste places. (Nat. from Eu.)

BORRAGINACEÆ.

(Borage Family.)

Onosmodium, Mx. False Gromwell. 371 Carolinianum, DC. Dry rocky slopes.

LITHOSPERMUM, Tourn. Gromwell. Puccoon.

372 arvense, L. Frequent in wheat fields. (Nat. from Eu.)

373 hirtum, Lehm. Common on high clavev hills.

MERTENSIA, Roth. Smooth Lungwort. 374 Virginica, DC. Virginia Cowslip. Along streams.

ECHINOSPERMUM, Swartz. Stone Seed. 375 Virginicum, Lehm. Woods and copses; common.

CYNOGLOSSUM, Tourn. Hound's Tongue. 376 officinale, L. Meadows and fields: a vile weed. (Nat. from Eu.)

HYDROPHYLLACEÆ. (Waterleaf Family.)

Hydrophyllum, L. Waterleaf.

377 Virginieum, L. Common damp woods.

378 appendiculatum, Mx. With the preceding.

ELLISIA, L. 379 Nyctelea, L. Abundant along streams.

POLEMONIACEÆ.

(Polemonium Family.) Phlox, L. Phlox.

380 pilosa, L. Sweet William. Dry ground, common.

CONVOLVULACEÆ.

(Convolvulus Family.)

Very IPOMŒA, L. Morning Glory.

381 coccinea, L. Rich river bottoms: evidently indigenous.

382 purpurea, Lam. Very common in cultivated ground.

383 hederacea, Jacq. A weed in cultivated fields.

along streams.

Convolvulus, L. Bindweed. 385 sepium, L. Low ground; very common.

Cuscuta, Tourn. Dodder. 386 glomerata, Choisy. Dry hills; on Helianthus tracheliifclius.

SOLANACE E.

(Nightshade Family.)

SOLANUM, Tourn.

387 Dulcamara. L. Bittersweet. Streets and yards.

388 nigrum, L. Common weed in fields.

389 Carolinense, L. Horse Nettle. Pastures and roads.

390 rostratum, Dunal. A vile weed on our streets.

PHYSALIS, L. Ground Cherry.

391 Virginiana, Mill. Very common in cultivated ground.

392 viscosa, L. Fence rows and cop-

393 pubescens, L. In damp rich soil; common.

394 lanceolata, Mx. Frequent in light

395 Var. lævigata, Gray. Dry hills; rare.

396 Var. hirta, Gray. On rocks mostly; not common.

NICANDRA, Adans. Apple of Peru. 397 physaloides, Gærtn. Old gardens and waste places. (Adv. from

Peru. LYCIUM, L. Matrimony-vine.

398 vulgare, Dunal. Streets and yards; escaped from cultivation DATURA, L. Jamestown-weed.

399 Tatula, L. Waysides and along (Adv, from trop. streets. Amer,)

400 Stramonium, L. With the preceding. (Adv. from Asia.)

GENTIANACEÆ.

(Gentian Family.)

GENTIANA, L. Gentian. 401 alba, Muhl. Dry wooded hills; not common.

402 Andrewsii, Griseb. Borders of

prairies, in oak mottes.

403 puberula, Mx. Common on dry prairies.

APOCYNACEÆ.

(Dogbane Family.)

384 pandurata, Meyer. Rich soil APOCYNUM, Tourn. Dogbane.
along streams.
404 cannabinum, L. Along streams;

very variable.

ASCLEPIADACE.E.

(Milkweed Family.)

ASCLEPIAS, L. Milkweed. Silkweed. 405 Cornuti, Decaisne. Common.

406 purpurascens, L. Wooded hillsides.

407 incarnata, L. Wet prairies; frequent.

408 Meadii, Torr. Common on low prairies.

409 tuberosa, L. Fields and meadows. 410 verticillata, L. Moist ground

along streams. ENSLENIA, Nutt.

411 albida, Nutt. Sandy banks of the Missouri.

OLEACEÆ.

(Olive Family.)

FRAXINUS, Tourn. Ash.
412 Americana. L. White Ash. well-known valuable tree.

ARISTOLOCHIACEÆ.

(Birthwort Family.)

ASARUM, Tourn. Wild Ginger.

413 Canadense, L. Rich woods along ravines.

ARISTOLOCHIA, Tourn. Birthwort. 414 Serpentaria, L. Newly cleared rich woods; never very common.

NYCTAGINACE.E.

(Four-o'clock Family.)

OXYBAPHUS, Vahl.

415 albidus, Sweet. Frequent on dry rocky ledges.

PHYTOLACCACE.E.

(Pokeweed Family.)

PHYTOLACCA, Tourn. Pokeweed. 416 decandra, L. Low rich ground

along streams.

CHENOPODIACEÆ.

(Goosefoot Family.)

CHENOPODIUM, L. Goosefoot. Pigweed. 417 album, L. A common weed in cultivated ground. (Nat. from Eu.)

418 viride, L. With the preceding. (Nat.from Eu.)

419 murale, L. Frequent about dwellings. (Adv. from Eu.)

420 hybridum, L. Common in manured ground. (Nat. from Eu.)

421 Botrys, L. Streets of towns; escaped from gardens. (Adv. from Eu.)

422 ambrosioides, L. Streets of Independence and Kansas City. (Nat. from trop. Amer.)

423 anthelminticum, L. Wormseed. Very common on the streets of Independence. (Nat. trop. Amer.)

AMARAN FACEÆ.

(Amaranth Family.)

AMARANTUS, Tourn. Amaranth.

424 paniculatus, L. Frequent about old gardens. (Adv. from trop. Amer.)

425 retroflexus, L, A weed in waste places. (Nat. from trop. Amer)

426 albus, L. Common along roadsides. (Nat. from trop. Amer.)

427 spinosus, L. An abominable weed on the streets of Kansas City. (Nat. from trop. Amer.)

428 viridis, L. Streets and yards; not frequent. (Adv. from Eu.)

MONTELIA, Moquin.

429 tamariscina, Gray. Sandy shores of the Missouri.

POLYGONACEÆ.

(Buckwheat Family.)

Polygonum, L. Knotweed. 430 orientale, L. Prince's Feather. Along railroads; escaped from gardens. (Adv. from India.)

431 Pennsylvanicum, L. Common in waste grounds.

432 incarnatum, Ell. Low sandy bottoms along streams.

433 Persicaria, L. Lady's Thumb. Damp shady places. (Nat. from Eu.)

434 Hydropiper, L. Smartweed. About springs and along shaded brooks. (Eu.)

435 acre, H. B. K. With the preceding.

436 hydropiperoides, Mx. Brooks and rills; very common.

437 Muhlenbergii, Watson. bottoms along the Missouri.

438 Virginianum, L. In fields along fences; common.

439 aviculare, L. Yards about houses. (Eu.)

440 erectum, L. Similar situations as the above.

441 dumetorum, L., var. scandens, Gray. Thickets and copses. FAGOPYRUM, Tourn. Buckwheat.

442 esculentum, Mænch. Enduring for a while in old fields. (Adv. from Eu.)

RUMEX, L. Dock. Sorrel.

443 altissimus, Wood. Moist soil along streams.

444 salicifolius, Weinmann. Brackish streams.

445 crispus, L. A weed in waste ground. (Nat. from Eu.)
446 acetosella, L. Introduced from the

East with wheat. (Nat. from Eu.)

EUPHORBIACEÆ.

(Spurge Family.)

EUPHORBIA, L. Spurge.

447 maculata, L. A common roadside weed.

448 humistrata, Engelm. Sandy soil along streams.

449 hypericifolia, L. Common in fields and along roads.

450 marginata, Pursh, Escaped from gardens. (Adv. from the west.)
 451 corollata, L. Sandy or rocky soil;

not very plenty,

452 dentata, Mx. Moist fields and fence rows.

453 heterophylla, L. Dry rocky

slopes; frequent.
ACALYPHA, L. Three-seeded Mercury. 454 Virginica, L. Common weed in fields and meadows.

CROTON, L.

455 capitatus, Mx. Dry rocky ground; not very abundant.

With the 456 monanthogyus, Mx. other; more common.

URTICACEÆ.

(Nettle Family.)

ULMUS, L. Elm.

457 fulva, Mich. Slippery Elm. Very well known.

458 Americana, L. White Elm. The commonest species.

459 racemosa, Thom. Corky White Elm. Very rare in this locality.

Celtis, Tourn. Nettle-tree. Hackberry. 460 occidentalis, L. A very familiar tree.

Morus, Tourn. Mulberry.

461 rubra, L. Common in rich woods.

URTICA, Tourn. Nettle.

462 graeilis, Ait. Moist ground in old fields.

LAPORTEA, Gaudichaud. Wood Nettle. 463 Canadensis, Gaudichaud. Moist soil along streams.

PILEA, Lindl. Richweed. Clearweed. 464 pumila, Gray. Moist rocks sloping to the North.

PARIETARIA, Tourn. Pellitory.

465 Pennsylvanica, Muhl. Base of rocky cliffs in the shade.

CANNABIS, Tourn. Hemp.

466 sativa, L. Waste grounds. (Adv. from Eu.)

HUMULUS, L. Hop.

467 lupulus, L. Deep soil along streams; common. (Eu.)

PLATANACEÆ.

(Plane Tree Family.)

Plane Tree. PLATANUS, L. Buttonwood.

468 occidentalis, L. Sycamore. Mostly along streams.

JUGLANDACEÆ.

(Walnut Family.)

Walnut. JUALANS, L.

469 nigra, L. A valuable timber tree. CARYA, Nutt. Hickory.

470 alba, Nutt. Shell-bark. This is the principal tree of the genus.

471 sulcata, Nutt. Hard-shell. large tree but not valuable.

472 tomentosa, Nutt. Mocker-nut. Hills along the Blues.

473 porcina, Nutt. Pig-nut. Common everywhere.

474 amara, Nutt. Bitter-nut. abundant.

CUPULIFERÆ.

(Oak Family.)

Quercus, L. Oak.

475 alba, L. A valuable lumber tree. 476 macrocarpa, Mx. Quite plenty. 477 Prinus, L. Dry sterile hills.

478 Muhlenbergii, Engelm.

soil along streams.
479 princides, Willd. Rocky hills; not common.

480 imbricaria, Michx. Barren hills; frequent.

481 nigra, L. Dry sandy hills. 482 coccinea, Wang. With the preceding.

483 rubra, L. Rich soil along streams 484 palustris, Du Roi. Bottoms along

rivers.

CORYLUS, Tourn. Hazel-nut.

485 Americana, Walt. Copses; very common.

OSTRYA, Micheli. Iron-wood. 486 Virginica, Willd. Deep woods; not rare.

SALICACEÆ.

(Willow Family,)

Salix, Tourn. Willow. Osier. 487 sericea, Marshall. Bottoms along the Missouri.

488 petiolaris, Smith. Moist ground along branches.

489 lucida, Muhl. Low grounds; very common.

490 nigra, Marsh. Common in damp ravines.

POPULUS, Tourn. Poplar. Aspen. 491 monilifera, Ait. Cotton-wood.

Rivers everywhere.

492 angulata, Ait. Necklace Poplar. With the last.

CLASS II.-MONOCOTYLEDONOUS OR ENDOGENOUS PLANTS.

ARACEÆ.

(Arum Family.)

ARISÆMA, Martius. Dragon Arum. 493 triphyllum, Torr. Indian Turnip. Rich soil; common.

494 Dracontium, Schott. Green Dragon. With the other.

Acorus, L. Sweet Flag.

495 Calamus, L. Calamus. Margirs of dark pools.

TYPHACEÆ.

(Cat-tail Family.)

TYPHA, Tourn. Cat-tail Flag.

496 angustifolia, L. Swamps everywhere.

SPARGANIUM, Tourn. Bur-reed.

497 eurycarpum, Engelm. Sloughs along the Blues.

NAIADACEÆ.

(Pondweed Family.)

POTAMOGETON, Tourn. Pondweed. 498 hybridus, Mx. Slow streams and ponds; common.

ALISMACEÆ.

(Water-Plantain Family.)

ALISMA, L. Water-Plantain. 499 Plantago, L., var. Americanum, Gray. Shallow lakes.

ECHINODORUS, Engelmann.

500 rostratus, Engelm. Inundated bottoms along the Missouri.

SAGITTARIA, L. Arrow-head.

501 variabilis, Engelm. In shallow ponds; common.

502 graminea, Mx. Muddy places; uncommon.

ORCHIDACEÆ.

(Orchis Family.)

SPIRANTHES, Richard. Ladies' Tresses. 503 graminea, Lindl., var. Walteri, Grav. Prairies.

Pogonia, Juss. Three-Birds. 504 pendula, Lindl. Bottom lands; very rare here.

APLECTRUM, Nutt. Putty-root.

505 hyemale, Nutt. Adam-and-Eve. Rich soil; rare.

AMARYLLIDACEÆ.

(Armaryllis Family.)

Hypoxys, L. Star-grass. 506 erecta, L. Glades and open woods; common.

IRIDACEÆ.

(Iris Family.)

IRIS, L. Flower-de-Luce.

507 versicolor, L. Blue Flag. Swamps; very common.

508 cuprea, Pursh. Low ground about springs; frequent.

PARDANTHUS, Ker. Blackberry Lily. 509 Chinensis, Ker. About old gardens. (Adv. from China.)
SISYRINCHIUM, L. Blue-eyed Grass.

510 Bermudiana, L. All the different forms are very common.

DIOSCOREACEÆ.

(Yam Family.)

DIOSCOREA, Plumier. Yam. 511 villosa, L. Common in hazel copses.

SMILACEÆ.

(Smilax Family.)

SMILAX, Tourn. Cathrier.

512 rotundifolia, L, Greenbrier. Very

513 herbacea, L. Carrion-Flower. Fields and meadows.

LILIACEÆ.

(Lily Family.)

UVULARIA, L. Bellwort.

514 grandiflora, Smith. High bluffs along the Missouri.

SMILACINA, Desf. False Spikenard.

515 racemosa, Desf. Damp woods; not frequent.

POLYGONATUM, Tourn. Solomon's Seal. 516 biflorum, Ell. Banks of streams. 517 giganteum, Dietrich. Rich soil along ravines.

Asparagus, L. Asparagus. 518 officinalis, L. Garden Asparagus. Escaped into copses. (Adv. from Eu.)

LILIUM, L. Lilv.

519 superbum, L. Rich soil along streams; common in cultivation ERYTHRONIUM, L. Dog's-tooth Violet.

520 albidum, Nutt. Cool shaded ravines. very abundant.

SCILLA, L. Squill.

521 Fraseri, Gray. High hills along Little Blue.

ALLIUM, L. Onion, Garlie.

522 stellatum, Nutt. Limestone ledges; very common.

523 Canadense, Kalm. Thickets and moist copses.

JUNCACEÆ.

(Rush Family.)

Juncus, L. Rush. Bogrush. 524 tenuis, Willd. Common along

roadsides.

525 nodosus, L. In low sandy ground along streams.

526 Var. megacephalus, Torr. low ponds.

PONTEDERIACEÆ.

(Pickerelweed Family.)

HETERANTHERA, L. Mud Plantain. 527 limosa, Vahl. Very wet places; not very common.

COMMELYNACEÆ.

(Spiderwort Family.)

Tradescantia, L. Spiderwort. 528 Virginica, L. Dry woods; a white form in gardens.

CYPERACEÆ.

(Sedge Family.)

CYPERUS, L. Galingale.

529 diandrus, Torr. Moist soil; not frequent.

530 inflexus, Muhl. Low sandy bottoms.

531 acuminatus, Torr. Along brooks;

532 compressus, L. Hills and fields; rare here.

533 phymatodes, Muhl. Moist sandy soil.

HEMICARPHA, Nees.

534 subsquarrosa, Nees. Usually growing with 529, but is uncommon.

ELEOCHARIS, R. Br.

535 obtusa, Schultes. Common in shallow ponds.

536 compressa, Sullivant. Sloughs and slow streams.

537 acicularis, R. Br. Marshes; very abundant.

· Scirpus, L. Bulrush.

538 validus, Vahl. Missouri river bottoms.

539 atrovirens, Muhl. In low boggy ground.

540 Eriophorum, Mr. Wet prairies and marshes.

CAREX, L. Sedge.

541 Steudelii, Kunth. Meadows; very common.

542 vulpinoidea, Mx. Wet ground.

543 sparganioides, Muhl. Dry rocky hills.

544 cephalophora, Muhl. Woods.

545 rosea, Schk. Fields and pastures 546 lagopodioides, Schk. Moist cop-

ses; unfrequent.

547 straminea, Schk. Wooded hills. 548 Shortiana, Dew. Verywet

ground; common.
549 grisea, Wahl, Borders of woods.

549 grisea, Wahl. Borders of woods. 550 Davisii, Schw. and Torr. Damp

thickets.
551 laxiflora, Lam. Hills and mead-

ows.

552 oligocarpa, Schk. Moist open woods; not rare.

553 pubescens, Muhl. Thickets along streams.

554 lupulina, Muhl. Common about streams.

555 stenolepis, Torr. Very common in marshes.

556 Vaseyi, Dew. Sloughs and ponds; not frequent.

GRAMINEÆ.

(Grass Family.)

LEERSIA, Solander. White Grass.

557 Virginica, Willd. Low ground; not uncommon.

558 oryzoides, Swartz. Bogs and marshes; rather scarce. (Eu.)

Moist PHLEUM, L. Timothy.

559 pratense, L. Fields; cultivated for hay. (Nat. from Eu.)

VILFA, Adans. Rush Grass.

560 aspera, Beauv. Common in yards and rich soil.561 vaginæflora, Torr. Dry sterile

soil.

Agrostis, L. Bent Grass. Red-top. 562 vulgaris, With. Meadows; com-

monly cultivated. (Eu.)
563 alba, L. This and the above are
valuable forage grasses. (Eu.)

MUHLENBERGIA, Schreber. Dropseed Grass.

564 glomerata, Trin. Dry, rocky hills; common.

ARISTIDA, L.

565 oligantha, Mx. Very poor, dry soil.

Spartina, Schreber. Cord Grass. 566 cynosuroides, Willd. Bottoms

and low grounds.

BOUTELOUA, Lagasca. Muskit Grass.

567 curtipendula, Gray. Rocky and
very dry soil.

ELEUSINE, Ğærtn. Crab Grass.

568 Indica, Gærtn. Waste ground; very common. (Nat. from Ind.)

TRICUSPIS, Beauv.

569 seslerioides, Torr. Borders of woods, in dry soil.

DACTYLIS, L. Orchard Grass.

570 glomerata, L. Yards, etc.; cultivated for hay. (Nat. from Eu.)
MELICA, L.

571 mutica, Walt. Sandy soil along bluffs.

GLYCERIA, R. Br. Manna Grass.

572 Canadensis, Trin. Moist or wet ground; common.

Poa, L. Blue Grass.

573 pratensis, L. Common everywhere, but naturalized. (Eu.)

Eragrostis, Beauv.

574 pectinacea, Gray. Fields and yards; very common.

BROMUS, L. Chess or Cheat.

575 secalinus, L. Wheat fields, where it is often taken for degenerated wheat, but a close inspection will prove to the contrary. (Adv. from Eu.)

576 racemosus, L. With the preceding. (Adv. from Eu.)

577 ciliatus, L. Open woods and hills: not common.

UNIOLA, L. Spike Grass.

578 latifolia, Mx. Rocky hills and copses.

ELYMUS, L. Wild Rye.

579 Canadensis, L. Rich soil along streams.

580 Sibirieus, L. Bottom lands; not frequent. (Eu.)

581 striatus, Willd. Banks of streams 582 Var. villosus, Gray, With the above.

GYMNOSTICHUM, Schreb. Bottlebrush Grass.

583 Hystrix, Schreb. Moist shaded hills; frequent.

PHALARIS, L. Canary Grass.

584 Canariensis, L. Yards; rare. (Adv. from Eu.)

PANICUM, L. Panic Grass.

585 sanguinale, L. Cultivated fields. (Nat. from Eu.)

586 capillare, L. Fields and culti-

vated ground.

587 virgatum, L. Damp ground along brooks.

588 Crus-galli, L. Waste ground. (Nat. from Eu.)

SETARIA, Beauv. Foxtail Grass.

589 verticillata, Beauv. About yards. (Adv. from Eu.)

590 glauca, Beauv. Common in cornfields. (Adv. from Eu.)

591 viridis, Beauv. Fields and mead-

ows. (Adv. from Eu.) 592 Italica, Kunth. Millet. commonly cultivated. (Adv. from Eu.)

CENCHRUS, L. Bur Grass.

593 tribuloides, L. A pest to farmers; common.

TRIPSACUM, L. Gama Grass.

594 dactyloides, L. A very tall grass on prairies.

ANDROPOGON, L. Beard Grass.

595 furcatus, Muhl. Rocky hills; not frequent.

596 scoparius, Mx. Dry prairies; common.

SORGHUM, Pers. Broom Corn.

597 nutans, Gray. Hills and mottes.

SERIES II.

CRYPTOGAMOUS OR FLOWERLESS PLANTS.

CLASS III.-ACROGENS.

EQUISETACEÆ.

(Horsetail Family.)

EQUISETUM, L. Horsetail. Rush. 598 arvense, L. Common along

599 robustum, Braun. In water everywhere.

FILICACEÆ,

(Fern Family.)

ADIANTUM, L. Maidenhair.

600 pedatum, L. Rich shaded slopes. Pellæa, Link. Cliff Brake.

601 atropurpurea, Link. Limestone ledges.

ASPLENIUM, L. Spleenwort.

602 angustifolium, Mx. Deep shaded woods.

CAMPTOSORUS, Link. Walking Leaf.

603 rhizophyllus, Link. Northern sides of limestone bluffs.

ASPIDIUM, Swartz. Wood Fern. 604 acrostichoides, Swartz. Shaded hillsides; common.

CYSTOPTERIS, Bernhardi. Bladder Fern. 605 fragilis, Bernh. Rocky knolls; very common. (Eu.)

ONOCLEA, L. Sensitive Fern. 606 sensibilis, L. Moist ground along streams.

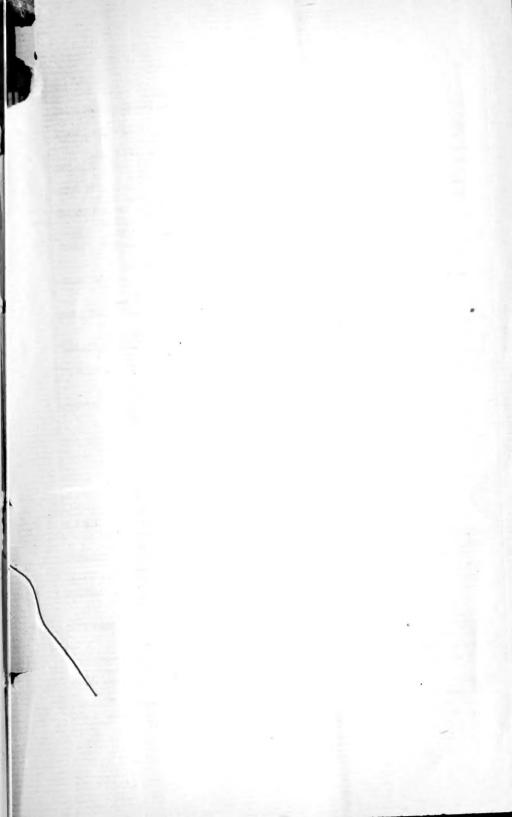
Woodsia, R. Brown.

607 obtusa, Torr. Rocky slopes. Botrychium, Swartz. Moonwort.

608 Virginicum, Swartz. Deep shad-

ed woods. (Eu.) OPHIOGLOSSUM, L. Adder's Tongue. 609 vulgatum, L. Dry rocky hills;

not rare. (Eu.)



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